

Judo NB SAFE SPORT POLICY MANUAL

STATEMENT ON SAFE SPORT

The Organization has a fundamental obligation and responsibility to protect the health, safety and physical and mental well-being of every individual that is involved in the New Brunswick judo community.

The Organization takes any situation involving misconduct or maltreatment very seriously. For this reason, the Organization is committed to enacting and enforcing strong, clear, and effective policies and processes for preventing and addressing all forms of misconduct or maltreatment.

The policies are intended to promote a Safe Sport environment in a manner that allows for consistent, immediate, appropriate and meaningful action should any issues arise, and they are also intended to prevent issues from arising in the first place by communicating expected standards of behaviour.

Should any individuals involved with the Organization, including but not limited to Athletes, coaches, officials, volunteers, and parents/guardians of Athletes, wish to report any instance of misconduct or maltreatment, they may do so directly to the Organization, which will then determine the appropriate forum and manner to address the complaint.

The Organization also recognizes the recent development of the Universal Code of Conduct to Prevent and Address Maltreatment in Sport (“UCCMS”). Although only National organizations are required to integrate the UCCMS into their policies, the Organization recognizes the benefits of aligning its policies with the National standard.

The Organization makes the following commitments to a sport environment free from Maltreatment:

- a) All Participants in sport can expect to play, practice and compete, work, and interact in an environment free from Maltreatment.
- b) Addressing the causes and consequences of Maltreatment is a collective responsibility and requires the deliberate efforts of all Participants, sport stakeholders, sport club administrators and organization leaders.
- c) Participants in positions of trust and authority have the general responsibility to protect the health and well-being of all other Participants.
- d) Adult Participants have a specific ethical and statutory duty and the additional responsibility to respond to incidents of Maltreatment involving Minors and other Vulnerable Individuals.
- e) All Participants recognize that Maltreatment can occur regardless of age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, race, ethnicity, Indigenous status, or level of physical and intellectual disability and their intersections. Moreover, it is recognized that those from traditionally marginalized groups have increased vulnerability to experiences of Maltreatment.
- f) All Participants recognize that individuals who have experienced Maltreatment may experience a range of effects that may emerge at different time points and that can profoundly affect their lives.
- g) All adults working with children and youth have a duty to prevent or mitigate opportunities for misconduct.
- h) In recognition of the historic vulnerability to discrimination and violence amongst some groups, and that continues to persist today, Participants in positions of trust and authority have a duty to incorporate strategies to recognize systemic bias, unconscious bias, and to respond quickly and effectively to discriminatory practices

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| Policy Title | Date of Last Approval | Date of Next Review |
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| Athlete Protection | | |
| Code of Conduct and Ethics | | |
| Discipline and Complaints | | |
| Dispute Resolution | | |
| Appeal | | |
| Event Discipline | | |
| Social Media | | |
| Screening | | |
| Whistleblower | | |
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DEFINITIONS – CONDUCT

The terms defined below apply to all policies included in this Safe Sport Manual

* Indicates a definition adapted from the *Universal Code of Conduct to Prevent and Address Maltreatment in Sport (“UCCMS”)*

1. **Abuse** – Includes Psychological Maltreatment, Physical Maltreatment, Neglect, and/or Grooming of Vulnerable Participants by Persons in Authority and which can have the following warning signs:
 - a) Recurrent unexplained injuries
 - b) Alert behaviour; child seems to always be expecting something bad to happen
 - c) Often wears clothing that covers up their skin, even in warm weather
 - d) Child startles easily, shies away from touch or shows other skittish behaviour
 - e) Constantly seems fearful or anxious about doing something wrong
 - f) Withdrawn from peers and adults
 - g) Behaviour fluctuates between extremes (e.g., extremely cooperative or extremely demanding)
 - h) Acting either inappropriately beyond their age (like an adult; taking care of other children) or inappropriately younger than their age (like an infant; throwing tantrums)
 - i) Acting out in an inappropriate sexual way with toys or objects
 - j) New adult words for body parts and no obvious source
 - k) Self-harm (e.g., cutting, burning or other harmful activities)
 - l) Not wanting to be alone with a particular child or young person
2. **Bullying** - is offensive behaviour and/or abusive treatment of a Participant that typically, but not always, involves an abuse of power. Examples of behaviour that may constitute Bullying include, but are not limited to:
 - a) Spreading malicious rumours, gossip or innuendos with the intent of causing harm or suffering to a Participant;
 - b) Excluding or isolating a Participant socially with the intent of causing them harm or suffering;
 - c) Making offensive jokes or derogatory comments to a Participant or to others;
 - d) Yelling, verbally berating or using profanity;
 - e) Assigning unreasonable duties or workload which are unfavourable to a Participant; or
 - f) Any form of cyber bullying which can include:
 - i. Sending mean or threatening emails or text/instant messages;
 - ii. Posting embarrassing photos of someone online
 - iii. Creating a website to make fun of others
 - iv. Pretending to be someone else
 - v. Tricking someone into sending pictures or videos or revealing personal information
 - vi. Sending personal information (including pictures and videos) about someone else to a third-party
3. ***Consent** – *Consent* is defined in Canada’s *Criminal Code* as the voluntary agreement to engage in the sexual activity in question. The law focuses on what the person was actually thinking and feeling at the time of the sexual activity. Sexual touching is only lawful if the person affirmatively communicated their consent, whether through words or conduct. Silence or passivity does not equal consent. Sexual activity is only legal when both parties consent. The *Criminal Code* also says there is no consent when: Someone says or does something that shows they are not consenting to an activity; Someone says or does something to show they are not agreeing to continue an activity that has already started; Someone is

incapable of consenting to the activity, because, for example, they are unconscious; The consent is a result of a someone abusing a position of trust, power or authority or someone consents on someone else's behalf. A person cannot say they mistakenly believed a person was consenting if: that belief is based on their own intoxication; they were reckless about whether the person was consenting; they chose to ignore things that would tell them there was a lack of consent; or they didn't take proper steps to check if there was consent. Sexual activity with a Minor is a criminal offence as is sexual activity with a person under the age of 18 years when the other person is in a position of trust or authority

4. ***Disclosure** - The sharing of information by a Participant regarding an incident or a pattern of Maltreatment experienced by that Participant. Disclosure does not constitute a formal report that initiates a process of investigation to address the Maltreatment
5. **Discrimination** – Differential treatment of an individual based on one or more prohibited grounds which include race, citizenship, national or ethnic origin, colour, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, marital status, family status, genetic characteristics, or disability
6. ***Duty to Report**
 - a) **Concerns Under Child Protection Legislation:** A legal duty to report is mandated by law, and the requirement varies by province depending on provincial legislation. Everyone has a duty to report child abuse and neglect under Canadian child welfare laws. Professionals who work with children and youth have an added responsibility to report. Adults are obliged to report child Maltreatment if there is knowledge or suspicion that it is occurring. This is called the “duty to report.” Every person in Canada has the duty to report known or suspected child Maltreatment by law. Known or suspected abuse or Neglect of a child must be reported to: local child welfare services (e.g., children's aid society or child and family services agency), or provincial/territorial social service ministries or departments, or local police
 - b) **Concerns Outside of Child Protection Legislation:** Participants have a duty to report concerns of inappropriate conduct of other Participants to uphold the ethical standards and values of Canadian sport. Reporting inappropriate conduct is important to ensure proper action is taken and expectations are re-established. By addressing inappropriate conduct, a collective responsibility to protect Participants from Maltreatment is enacted
7. ***Grooming** – Deliberate conduct by a Participant to sexualize a relationship with a Minor that involves the gradual blurring of boundaries and normalization of inappropriate and sexually abusive behaviour. During the grooming process, the Participant will gain the trust of the Minor and protective adults and peers around the Minor often under the guise of an existing relationship. Manipulation tactics are then used to blur perceptions and gain further access to and private time with the Minor in order to abuse or exploit the Minor. Grooming can occur whether or not harm is intended or results from the behaviour. (Grooming is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
8. **Harassment** – A course of vexatious comment or conduct against a Participant or group, which is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome. Types of behaviour that constitute Harassment include, but are not limited to:
 - a) Written or verbal abuse, threats, or outbursts;
 - b) Persistent unwelcome remarks, jokes, comments, innuendo, or taunts;
 - c) Racial harassment, which is racial slurs, jokes, name calling, or insulting behaviour or terminology that reinforces stereotypes or discounts abilities because of racial or ethnic origin;
 - d) Leering or other suggestive or obscene gestures;
 - e) Condescending or patronizing behaviour which is intended to undermine self-esteem, diminish performance or adversely affect working conditions;
 - f) Practical jokes which endanger a person's safety, or may negatively affect performance;
 - g) **Hazing** – which is any form of conduct which exhibits any potentially humiliating, degrading, abusive, or dangerous activity expected of a junior-ranking individual by a more senior individual, which does not contribute to either individual's positive development, but is required to be

- accepted as part of a team or group, regardless of the junior-ranking individual's willingness to participate. This includes, but is not limited to, any activity, no matter how traditional or seemingly benign, that sets apart or alienates any teammate or group member based on class, number of years on the team or with the group, or ability;
- h) Unwanted physical contact including, but not limited to, touching, petting, pinching, or kissing;
 - i) Deliberately excluding or socially isolating a person from a group or team;
 - j) Persistent sexual flirtations, advances, requests, or invitations;
 - k) Physical or sexual assault;
 - l) Contributing to a *poisoned sport environment*, which can include:
 - a. Locations where material that is discriminatory is displayed (e.g., sexually explicit posters and racial/racist cartoons)
 - b. Groups where harassing behaviour is part of the normal course of activities
 - c. Behaviour that causes embarrassment, awkwardness, endangers a person's safety or negatively affects performance.
 - m) Behaviours such as those described above that are not directed towards a specific person or group but have the same effect of creating a negative or hostile environment; and
 - n) Retaliation or threats of retaliation against a person who reports harassment to the Organization
9. ***Maltreatment** – Includes Maltreatment related to:
- a) *Psychological Maltreatment* – which includes, without limitation, verbal acts, non-assaultive physical acts and acts that deny attention or support
 - a. Verbal Acts - Verbally assaulting or attacking someone, including but not limited to: unwarranted personal criticisms; body shaming; derogatory comments related to one's identity (e.g., race, gender identity or expression, ethnicity, Indigenous status, ability/disability); comments that are demeaning, humiliating, belittling, intimidating, insulting or threatening; the use of rumours or false statements about someone to diminish that person's reputation; using confidential sport and non-sport information inappropriately. Verbal Maltreatment may also occur in online forms.
 - b. Non-assaultive Physical Acts (no physical contact) - Physically aggressive behaviours, including but not limited to: throwing objects at or in the presence of others without striking another; hitting, striking or punching objects in the presence of others
 - c. Acts that Deny Attention or Support - Acts of commission that deny attention, lack of support or isolation including but not limited to: ignoring psychological needs or socially isolating a person repeatedly or for an extended period of time; abandonment of an Athlete as punishment for poor performance; arbitrarily or unreasonably denying feedback, training opportunities, support or attention for extended periods of time and/or asking others to do the same
 - b) *Physical Maltreatment* – includes, without limitation, contact or non-contact behaviours that have the potential to cause physical harm
 - a. Contact behaviours - Including but not limited to: deliberately punching, kicking, beating, biting, striking, strangling or slapping another; deliberately hitting another with objects
 - b. Non-contact behaviours - Including but not limited to: isolating a person in a confined space; forcing a person to assume a painful stance or position for no athletic purpose (e.g., requiring an Athlete to kneel on a hard surface); the use of exercise for the purposes of punishment; withholding, recommending against, or denying adequate hydration, nutrition, medical attention or sleep; denying access to a toilet; providing alcohol to a Participant under the legal drinking age; providing illegal drugs or non-prescribed medications to a Participant; encouraging or knowingly permitting an Athlete to return to play prematurely following any injury or after a concussion and without the clearance of a

medical professional; encouraging an Athlete to perform a skill for which they are known to not be developmentally ready

- c) *Sexual Maltreatment* – includes, without limitation, any act targeting a person’s sexuality, gender identity or expression, that is committed, threatened or attempted against a person, and includes but is not limited to the Criminal Code Offences of sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual interference, invitation to sexual touching, indecent exposure, voyeurism and non-consensual distribution of sexual/intimate images. Sexual Maltreatment also includes sexual harassment and stalking, cyber harassment, and cyber stalking of a sexual nature. Examples include:
- a. Any penetration of any part of a person’s body, however slight, with any object or body part by a person upon another person, including but not limited to:
 1. vaginal penetration by a penis, object, tongue, or finger; and
 2. anal penetration by a penis, object, tongue, or finger
 - b. Any intentional touching of a sexual nature of any part of a person’s body, however slight, with any object or body part by a person upon another person, including but not limited to:
 1. kissing;
 2. intentional touching of the breasts, buttocks, groin or genitals, whether clothed or unclothed, or intentionally touching of another with any of these body parts;
 3. any contact, no matter how slight, between the mouth of one person and the genitalia of another person, and
 4. making another touch themselves, the Participant, or someone else with or on any of the body parts listed in b).
 5. any intentional touching in a sexualized manner of the relationship, context or situation
 - c. In addition to the criminal acts identified above, the UCCMS prohibits sexual relations between an Athlete above the age of majority (depending upon jurisdiction) and a Participant who holds a position of trust and authority on the basis that there can be no Consent where there is a Power Imbalance. A Power Imbalance that is presumed to exist may be challenged
- d) *Neglect* – or acts of omission, includes without limitation: not providing an Athlete recovery time and/or treatment for a sport injury; not being aware of and not considering an individual’s physical or intellectual disability; not considering supervision of an Athlete during travel, training or competition; not considering the welfare of the Athlete when prescribing dieting or other weight control methods (e.g., weigh-ins, caliper tests); disregarding the use of performance-enhancing drugs by an Athlete; failure to ensure safety of equipment or environment; allowing an Athlete to disregard sport’s rules, regulations, and standards, subjecting Participants to the risk of Maltreatment
- e) *Grooming* – is often a slow, gradual and escalating process of building trust and comfort with a young person. Grooming includes, without limitation, the process of making inappropriate behaviour seem normal and gradually engaging in ‘boundary violations’ which have been professionally-identified to Canadian standards (e.g., a degrading remark, a sexual joke, sexualized physical contact; adult Participants sharing rooms with a Minor who is not an immediate family member; providing a massage or other purported therapeutic interventions with no specific training or expertise; private social media and text communications; sharing personal photographs; shared use of locker rooms; private meetings; private travel, and providing gifts). The Grooming process:
- a. Grooming usually begins with subtle behaviours that do not appear to be inappropriate. Many victims/survivors of sexual abuse do not recognize the grooming process as it is

happening, nor do they recognize that this process of manipulation is part of the overall abuse process.

- b. In the grooming process, the offender begins by gaining trust of adults around the young person. The offender establishes a friendship and gains the young person's trust. Grooming then involves testing boundaries (e.g., telling sexual jokes, showing sexually explicit images, making sexual remarks). Typically, behaviour moves from non-sexual touching to "accidental" sexual touching
- c. The young person is often manipulated into feeling responsible for the contact, is discouraged from telling anyone else about the relationship, and is made to feel obligated to protect the offender. The offender also builds trust with those close to the young person so that the relationship with the young person is not questioned
- f) *Interference with or Manipulation of Process* – it is considered maltreatment if an adult Participant directly or indirectly interferes with a process by:
 - a. falsifying, distorting, or misrepresenting information, the resolution process, or an outcome;
 - b. destroying or concealing information;
 - c. attempting to discourage an individual's proper participation in or use of the processes of the Organization;
 - d. harassing or intimidating (verbally or physically) any person involved in the processes before, during, and/or following any proceedings of the Organization;
 - e. publicly disclosing a Participant's identifying information, without the Participant's agreement;
 - f. failing to comply with any temporary or provisional measure or other final sanction;
 - g. distributing or otherwise publicizing materials a Participant gains access to during an investigation or hearing, except as required by law or as expressly permitted; or
 - h. influencing or attempting to influence another person to interfere with or manipulate the process
- g) *Retaliation* – which means that a Participant shall not take an adverse action against any person for making a good faith Report of possible Maltreatment or for participating in any process related to alleged conduct violations. Retaliation includes threatening, intimidating, harassing, coercing or any other conduct that would discourage a reasonable person from engaging or participating in the processes of the Organization. Retaliation after the conclusion of investigation and sanction processes is also prohibited. Retaliation may be present even where there is a finding that no Maltreatment occurred. Retaliation does not include good-faith actions lawfully pursued in response to a Report of possible Maltreatment
- h) *Aiding and Abetting* – which is any act taken with the purpose of facilitating, promoting, or encouraging the commission of Maltreatment by a Participant. Aiding and Abetting also includes, without limitation, knowingly:
 - a. allowing any person who has been suspended or is otherwise ineligible to be in any way associated with sport or to coach or instruct Participants;
 - b. providing any coaching-related advice or service to an Athlete who has been suspended or is otherwise ineligible; and
 - c. allowing any person to violate the terms of their suspension or any other sanctions imposed
- i) *Reporting* – it is considered Maltreatment to fail to report Maltreatment of a Minor. A legal Duty to Report is mandated by law, and the requirement varies by province depending on provincial legislation.
 - a. Failure to Report Maltreatment of a Minor
 - 1. The obligation to Report requires the Reporting of any conduct which, if proven true, would constitute Psychological Maltreatment, Sexual Maltreatment, Physical

Maltreatment or Neglect involving a Minor Participant. The obligation to Report is an ongoing one and is not satisfied simply by making an initial Report. The obligation includes Reporting, on a timely basis, all relevant information of which an adult Participant becomes aware

2. The obligation to report includes making a direct Report
 3. The obligation to Report includes personally identifying information of a potential Minor Complainant to the extent known at the time of the Report, as well as a duty to reasonably supplement the Report as to identifying information learned at a later time
 4. Participants should not investigate or attempt to evaluate the credibility or validity of allegations involving Psychological Maltreatment, Sexual Maltreatment, Physical Maltreatment or Neglect. Participants making a good faith Report are not required to prove the Reports are true before Reporting
- b. Failure to Report Inappropriate Conduct
1. Not all inappropriate conduct may meet the threshold for constituting Maltreatment. However, such inappropriate conduct may represent behaviour with the risk of escalating to Maltreatment. Any Participant who suspects or becomes aware of another Participant's inappropriate conduct, even if it is not defined as Maltreatment, has a Duty to Report such inappropriate conduct through the organization's internal procedures. Those in positions of trust and authority who become aware of another's inappropriate conduct have a responsibility for reporting the concern within their organization's policies and procedures. The person making the report does not need to determine whether a violation took place: instead, the responsibility lies in reporting the objective behaviour.
- c. Intentionally Filing a False Allegation
1. An allegation is false if the events Reported did not occur, and the person making the Report knows the events did not occur
 2. A false allegation is different from an unsubstantiated allegation; an unsubstantiated allegation means there is insufficient supporting evidence to determine whether an allegation is true or false. Absent demonstrable bad faith, an unsubstantiated allegation alone is not grounds for a violation
10. ***Neglect** – Any pattern or a single serious incident of lack of reasonable care, inattention to a Participant's needs, nurturing or well-being, or omissions in care. Neglect is determined by the objective behaviour but the behaviour must be evaluated with consideration given to the Participant's needs and requirements, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour. (Neglect is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
11. ***Physical Maltreatment** – Any pattern or a single serious incident of deliberate conduct that has the potential to be harmful to the physical well-being of the Participant. Physical Maltreatment includes, without limitation, contact or non-contact infliction of physical harm. Physical Maltreatment is determined by the objective behaviour, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour. (Physical Maltreatment is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
12. ***Power Imbalance** – A Power Imbalance may exist where, based on the totality of the circumstances, a Participant has supervisory, evaluative, a duty of care, or other authority over another Participant. A Power Imbalance may also exist between an Athlete and other adults involved in sport in positions such as high-performance directors, sport specific health-care providers, sport science support staff, care or support persons, guides or pilots. Maltreatment occurs when this power is misused. Once a coach-Athlete relationship is established, a Power Imbalance is presumed to exist throughout the coach-Athlete relationship, regardless of age, and is presumed to continue for Minor Athletes after the coach-Athlete relationship terminates or until the Athlete reaches 25 years of age. A Power Imbalance may exist, but is not presumed, where an intimate relationship existed before the sport relationship

commenced (e.g., a relationship between two spouses or life partners, or a sexual relationship between consenting adults that preceded the sport relationship).

13. ***Psychological Maltreatment** – Any pattern or a single serious incident of deliberate conduct that has the potential to be harmful to the psychological well-being of the Participant. Psychological Maltreatment includes, without limitation, verbal conduct, non-assaultive physical conduct, and conduct that denies attention or support. Psychological Maltreatment is determined by the objective behaviour, not whether harm is intended or results from the behaviour. (Psychological Maltreatment is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
14. ***Sexual Maltreatment**
 - a) **Involving a Child:** Any form of adult/child sexualized interaction constitutes child sexual abuse. Sexual abuse of a child may occur through behaviours that do or do not involve actual physical contact. (Sexual Maltreatment is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
 - b) **Involving a person over the Age of Majority:** Any sexual act, whether physical or psychological in nature, that is committed, threatened, or attempted against a Participant without the Participant's Consent. It includes any act targeting a Participant's sexuality, gender identity or expression, that is committed, threatened or attempted against a Participant without that Participant's Consent, and includes but is not limited to, the Criminal Code Offences of sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual interference, invitation to sexual touching, indecent exposure, voyeurism and non-consensual distribution of sexual/intimate images. Sexual Maltreatment also includes sexual harassment and stalking, cyber harassment, and cyber stalking of a sexual nature. Sexual Maltreatment can take place through any form or means of communication (e.g. online, social media, verbal, written, visual, hazing, or through a third party). (Sexual Maltreatment is also a prohibited behaviour listed under the definition of Maltreatment)
15. **Workplace Harassment** – Vexatious comment or conduct against a worker in a Workplace that is known or ought reasonably to be known to be unwelcome. Workplace Harassment should not be confused with legitimate, reasonable management actions that are part of the normal work/training function, including measures to correct performance deficiencies, such as placing someone on a performance improvement plan, or imposing discipline for workplace infractions. Types of behaviour that constitute Workplace Harassment include, but are not limited to:
 - a) Bullying;
 - b) Workplace pranks, vandalism, bullying or hazing;
 - c) Repeated offensive or intimidating phone calls or emails;
 - d) Inappropriate sexual touching, advances, suggestions or requests;
 - e) Displaying or circulating offensive pictures, photographs or materials in printed or electronic form;
 - f) Psychological abuse;
 - g) Excluding or ignoring someone, including persistent exclusion of a person from work-related social gatherings;
 - h) Deliberately withholding information that would enable a person to do their job, perform or train;
 - i) Sabotaging someone else's work or performance;
 - j) Gossiping or spreading malicious rumours;
 - k) Intimidating words or conduct (offensive jokes or innuendos); and
 - l) Words or actions which are known, or ought reasonably to be known, as offensive, embarrassing, humiliating, or demeaning.
16. **Workplace Violence** – The use of or threat of physical force by a person against a worker in a Workplace that causes or could cause physical injury to the worker; an attempt to exercise physical force against a worker in a Workplace that could cause physical injury to the worker; or a statement or behaviour that it is reasonable for a worker to interpret as a threat to exercise physical force against the worker in a

Workplace that could cause physical injury to the worker. Types of behaviour that constitute Workplace Violence include, but are not limited to:

- a) Verbal or written threats to attack;
- b) Sending to or leaving threatening notes or emails;
- c) Physically threatening behaviour such as shaking a fist at someone, finger pointing, destroying property, or throwing objects;
- d) Wielding a weapon in a Workplace;
- e) Hitting, pinching or unwanted touching which is not accidental;
- f) Dangerous or threatening horseplay;
- g) Physical restraint or confinement;
- h) Blatant or intentional disregard for the safety or wellbeing of others;
- i) Blocking normal movement or physical interference, with or without the use of equipment;
- j) Sexual assault; and
- k) Any attempt to engage in the type of conduct outlined above

DEFINITIONS – POLICY

The terms defined below apply to all policies included in this Safe Sport Manual

* Indicates a definition adapted from the *Universal Code of Conduct to Prevent and Address Maltreatment in Sport* (“UCCMS”)

1. **Affected Party** – Any individual or entity, as determined by the Appeal Manager, who may be affected by a decision rendered under the *Appeal Policy* and who may have recourse to an appeal in their own right
2. **Appeal Manager** – An individual, who may be any staff member, Committee Member, volunteer, Director, or an independent third party, who is appointed to oversee the *Appeal Policy*. The Appeal Manager will have responsibilities that include using decision making authority empowered by the *Appeal Policy*
3. **Appellant** – The Party appealing a decision
4. ***Athlete** – An individual who is an Athlete Participant with the Organization who is subject the policies of the Organization
5. **Board** – The Board of Directors of the Organization
6. **Case Manager** – An individual (or individuals) appointed by the Organization to receive and assess complaints under the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*
7. **Committee Member** – an individual elected or appointed a member of a committee of the Organization
8. ***Complainant** – A Participant or observer who makes a report of an incident, or a suspected incident, of Maltreatment or other behaviour that is a violation of the standards described in the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*
9. **Days** – Days including weekends and holidays
10. **Director** – An individual appointed or elected to the Board of Directors of the Organization
11. **External Discipline Panel** – A Panel of one or three people who are appointed by the Case Manager to handle complaints that are assessed under Process #2 of this Policy. Panel members should not be affiliated with the Organization
12. **Event** – An event sanctioned by the Organization
13. **Internal Discipline Chair** – An individual appointed by the Organization to handle complaints that are assessed under Process #1 of this Policy. The Internal Discipline Chair may be a Director, head coach, staff member, or other individual affiliated with the Organization but must not be in a conflict of interest
14. ***Minor** – Any Participant who is younger than 18 at the time and in the jurisdiction where the alleged Maltreatment has occurred. Adults are responsible for knowing the age of a Minor.
15. ***Participants** – Refers to all categories of individual members and/or registrants defined in the By-laws of the Organization who are subject to the policies of the Organization, as well as all people employed by, contracted by, or engaged in activities with, the Organization including, but not limited to, employees, contractors, Athletes, coaches, instructors, officials, volunteers, managers, administrators, committee members, parents or guardians, spectators, and Directors and Officers
16. **Parties** – the groups involved with a dispute. In the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*, the Parties are the Complainant and Respondent. In the *Appeal Policy*, the Parties are the Appellant, Respondent, and any Affected Party
17. **Person in Authority** – Any Participant who holds a position of authority within the Organization including, but not limited to, coaches, instructors, officials, managers, support personnel, chaperones, committee members, and Directors and Officers
18. ***Reporting (or Report)** – The provision of information in writing by any person or a Participant to a

relevant independent authority (the independent person or position, such as an Case Manager, charged with receiving a report and determining next steps) regarding Maltreatment. Reporting may occur through either: (i) the Complainant (of any age) or the one who experienced the Maltreatment, or (ii) a witness – someone who witnessed the Maltreatment or otherwise knows or suspects Maltreatment. In either case, the intention of Reporting is to initiate an independent investigative process, which could result in disciplinary action being taken against the Respondent.

19. ***Respondent** – The Participant responding to a complaint or, in the case of an appeal, the body whose decision is being appealed.
20. **Social Media** – The catch-all term that is applied broadly to new computer-mediated communication media such as blogs, YouTube, Facebook, Instagram, Tumblr, TikTok, Snapchat, and Twitter.
21. **Vulnerable Participants** – Includes Minors and vulnerable adults (people who, because of age, disability or other circumstance, are in a position of dependence on others or are otherwise at a greater risk than the general population of being harmed by people in positions of trust or authority)
22. **Worker** – Any person who performs work for the Organization including employees, managers, supervisors, temporary workers, volunteers, student volunteers, part-time workers, the Board of Directors, and independent contractors.
23. **Workplace** – Any place where business or work-related activities are conducted. Workplaces include but are not limited to, the registered office(s), work-related social functions, work assignments outside the registered office(s), work-related travel, the training and competition environment, and work-related conferences or training sessions

ATHLETE PROTECTION POLICY

Purpose

1. This *Athlete Protection Policy* describes how Persons in Authority shall maintain a safe sport environment for all Athletes.

Interactions between Persons in Authority and Athletes – the ‘Rule of Two’

2. The Organization requires that the ‘Rule of Two’ be followed for all Persons in Authority who interact with Athletes, to the maximum extent feasible. The ‘Rule of Two’ is a directive that says that an Athlete must never be alone one-on-one with an unrelated Person in Authority.
3. The Organization recognizes that fully implementing the ‘Rule of Two’ may not always be possible in some instances. Consequently, at a minimum, interactions between Persons in Authority and Athletes must respect the following:
 - a) To the maximum extent possible, the training environment should be visible and accessible so that all interactions between Persons in Authority and Athletes are observable.
 - b) Private and one-on-one situations that are not observable by another adult or Athlete should be avoided to the maximum extent possible.
 - c) A Vulnerable Participant may not be alone under the supervision of a Person in Authority unless prior written permission is obtained from the Vulnerable Participant’s parent or guardian.
 - d) Persons in Authority may not invite or host Vulnerable Participants in their home without the written permission from parents or guardians or without parents or guardians having contemporaneous knowledge of the visit.

Practices and Competitions

4. For practices and competitions, the Organization recommends:
 - a) A Person in Authority should never be alone with a Vulnerable Participant prior to or following a competition or practice unless the Person in Authority is the Vulnerable Participant’s parent or guardian
 - b) If the Vulnerable Participant is the first Athlete to arrive, the Athlete’s parent should remain until another Athlete or Person in Authority arrives
 - c) If a Vulnerable Participant would potentially be alone with a Person in Authority following a competition or practice, the Person in Authority should ask another Person in Authority (or a parent or guardian of another Athlete) to stay until all of the Athletes have been picked up. If an adult is unavailable, another Athlete, who is preferably not a Vulnerable Participant, should be present in order to avoid the Person in Authority being alone with a Vulnerable Participant
 - d) Persons in Authority giving instructions, demonstrating skills, or facilitating drills or lessons to an individual Athlete should always do so within earshot and eyesight of another Person in Authority
 - e) Persons in Authority and Athletes should take steps to achieve transparency and accountability in their interactions. For example, a Person in Authority and an Athlete who know they will be away from other Participants for a lengthy period of time must inform another Person in Authority where they are going and when they are expected to return. Persons in Authority should always be reachable by phone or text message

Communications

5. For communication between Persons in Authority and Athletes, the Organization recommends:
 - a) Persons in Authority may only send texts, direct messages on social media or emails to individual

Athletes when necessary and only for communicating information related to team issues and activities (e.g., non-personal information). Any such texts, messages or emails shall be professional in tone

- b) Electronic communication between Persons in Authority and Athletes that is personal in nature should be avoided. If such personal communication is unavoidable, it must be recorded and available for review by another Person in Authority and/or by the Athlete's parent/guardian (when the Athlete is a Vulnerable Participant)
- c) Parents/guardians may request that their child not be contacted by a Person in Authority using any form of electronic communication and/or may request that certain information about their child not be distributed in any form of electronic communication
- d) All communication between a Person in Authority and Athletes must be between the hours of 6:00am and midnight unless extenuating circumstances justify otherwise
- e) Communication concerning drugs or alcohol use (unless regarding its prohibition) is not permitted
- f) No sexually explicit language or imagery or sexually oriented conversation may be communicated in any medium
- g) Persons in Authority are not permitted to ask Athletes to keep a secret for them

Travel

6. For travel involving Persons in Authority and Athletes, the Organization recommends:

- a) Teams or groups of Athlete shall always have at least two Persons in Authority with them
- b) For mixed gender teams or groups of Athletes, there should be one Person in Authority from each gender
- c) If two Persons in Authority cannot be present, reasonable efforts should be made to supplement supervision with screened parents or other volunteers
- d) To the maximum extent possible, no Person in Authority may drive a vehicle alone with an Athlete unless the Person in Authority is the Athlete's parent or guardian
- e) A Person in Authority may not share a hotel room or be alone with an Athlete unless the Person in Authority is the Athlete's parent/guardian or spouse
- f) Room or bed checks during overnight stays must be done by two Persons in Authority
- g) For overnight travel when Athletes must share a hotel room, roommates must be age-appropriate (e.g., within approximately two years of age of one another) and of the same gender identity

Locker Rooms / Changing Areas

7. For locker rooms, changing areas and other closed meeting spaces, the Organization recommends:

- a) Interactions between Persons in Authority and Athletes should not occur in any area where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy such as a locker room, washroom or changing area. A second adult should be present for any necessary interaction between an adult and an Athlete in any such area
- b) If Persons in Authority are not present in the locker room or changing area, or if they are not permitted to be present, they should still be available outside the locker room or changing area and be able to enter the room or area if required, for reasons including but not limited to team communications and/or emergencies

Photography / Video

8. For all photography and video of an Athlete, the Organization recommends:

- a) Photographs and video should only taken in public view. Content must observe generally accepted standards of decency, and be both appropriate for and in the best interest of the Athlete
- b) The use of recording devices in areas where there is a reasonable expectation of privacy is strictly prohibited

- c) Examples of photos that shall be edited or deleted include:
 - i. Images with misplaced apparel or where undergarments are showing
 - ii. Suggestive or provocative poses
 - iii. Embarrassing images
- d) If any content featuring an Athlete will be used on any form of public media, an Image Consent Form (**Appendix A**) must be completed before the content is record

Physical Contact

- 9. Some physical contact between Persons in Authority and Athletes may be necessary for various reasons including, but not limited to, teaching a skill or tending to an injury. For physical contact, the Organization recommends:
 - a) A Person in Authority must always request permission to make physical contact from the Athlete in advance and clearly explain where and why the physical contact will occur. The Person in Authority must make clear that they are requesting to touch the Athlete and not requiring physical contact
 - b) Infrequent, incidental physical contact during a training session is not considered a violation of policy
 - c) Non-essential physical contact may not be initiated by the Person of Authority. It is recognized that some Athletes may initiate non-essential physical contact such as hugging or other physical contact with a Person in Authority for various reasons (e.g., such as celebrating or crying after a poor performance). This physical contact should always occurs in an open and observable environment.

Enforcement

- 10. Any alleged violations of this *Athlete Protection Policy* shall be addressed pursuant to the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.

Appendix A – Photo and Video Consent Form

Name of Participant (print): _____

Name of Parent/Guardian (print): _____
(when the Participant is younger than the age of majority)

Date: _____

1. I, being the Participant or the parent or legal guardian of the minor Participant, hereby grant to Judo NB, the Organization, and Judo Canada (collectively the “Organizations”) the permission to photograph and/or record the Participant’s image and/or voice in pictures or videos (collectively the “Images”), and to use the Images to promote the sport and/or the Organizations through traditional media such as newsletters, websites, television, film, radio, print and/or display form, and through social media such as Instagram, Facebook, YouTube, and Twitter. I understand that I waive any claim to remuneration for use of audio/visual materials used for these purposes. This consent will remain in effect in perpetuity.
2. I, being the Participant or the parent or legal guardian of the minor Participant, hereby fully release, discharge, and agree to save harmless the Organizations, from any and all claims, demands, actions, damages, losses or costs that might arise out of the collection, use or disclosure of the Images or taking, publication, distortion of the Images, negatives, and masters or any other likeness or representation of the Participant that may occur or be produced in the taking of said Images or in any subsequent processing thereof, including without limitation any claims for libel, passing off, misappropriation of personality, or invasion of privacy.
3. I, being the Participant or the parent or legal guardian of the minor Participant, **UNDERSTAND AND AGREE**, that I have read and understood the terms and conditions of this document. On behalf of myself, my heirs and assigns, I agree that I am signing this document voluntarily and to abide by such terms and conditions.

Signature of Participant: _____

OR, if the Participant is younger than the age of majority

Signature of Parent/Guardian: _____

CODE OF CONDUCT AND ETHICS

* Indicates a definition adapted from the *Universal Code of Conduct to Prevent and Address Maltreatment in Sport ("UCCMS")*

Purpose

1. The purpose of this Code is to ensure a safe and positive environment within the programs, activities, and events of the Organization by making Participants aware that there is an expectation, at all times, of appropriate behaviour consistent with the Organization's core values and policies. The Organization supports equal opportunity, prohibit discriminatory practices, and is committed to providing an environment in which all individuals can safely participate in sport and are treated with respect and fairness.

Application of this Code

2. This Code applies to any Participant's conduct during the business, activities, and events of the Organization including, but not limited to competitions, practices, evaluations, treatment or consultations (e.g., massage therapy), training camps, travel associated with organizational activities, the office environment, and any meetings.
3. This Code also applies to Participants' conduct outside of the business, activities, and events of the Organization when such conduct adversely affects the organization's relationships (and the work and sport environment) or is detrimental to the image and reputation of the Organization. Such applicability will be determined by the Organization at its sole discretion.
4. *This Code applies to Participants active in the sport or who have retired from the sport where any claim regarding a potential breach of this Code occurred when the Participant was active in the sport.
5. In addition, breaches of this Code may occur when the Participants involved interacted due to their mutual involvement in the sport or, if the breach occurred outside of the sport environment, if the breach has a serious and detrimental impact on the Participant(s).
6. Any Participant who violates this Code may be subject to sanctions pursuant to the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*. In addition to facing possible sanctions pursuant to the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*, a Participant who violates this Code during a competition may be removed from the competition or training area, and the Participant may be subject to further sanctions.

Persons in Authority and Maltreatment

7. *When they are a Person in Authority, Participants are responsible for knowing what constitutes Maltreatment. The categories of Maltreatment are not mutually exclusive, nor are the examples provided in each category an exhaustive list. Rather, what matters for the assessment of the Maltreatment is whether the conduct falls into one or more of the categories, not into which category it falls. Abuse, assault, Harassment, Bullying, and hazing can be experienced in more than one category of Maltreatment.
8. *Maltreatment can be any of the prohibited behaviours and conduct, provided the Maltreatment occurs in any one or a combination of the following situations (The physical location(s) where the alleged Maltreatment occurred is not determinative):
 - a) Within a sport environment;
 - b) When the Participant alleged to have committed Maltreatment was engaging in sport activities;

- c) When the Participants involved interacted due to their mutual involvement in sport; or
 - d) Outside of the sport environment where the Maltreatment has a serious and detrimental impact on another Participant.
9. *It is a violation of the Code for sport administrators or other Persons in Authority to place Participants in situations that make them vulnerable to Maltreatment. This includes, but is not limited to, instructing an Athlete and coach to share a hotel room when traveling, hiring a coach who has a history of Maltreatment, assigning guides and other support staff to a para-Athlete when the guide or support staff has a reputation for Maltreatment or assigning such a guide or support staff to a para-Athlete in the absence of consultation with the para-Athlete.

Responsibilities

10. Participants have a responsibility to:
- a) *Refrain from any behaviour that constitutes Maltreatment, Discrimination, Harassment, Workplace Harassment, or Workplace Violence
 - b) Maintain and enhance the dignity and self-esteem of other Participants by:
 - i. Treating each other with the highest standards of fairness, honesty, respect and integrity;
 - ii. Focusing comments or criticism appropriately and avoiding public criticism of Athletes, coaches, officials, organizers, volunteers, employees, or other Participants;
 - iii. Consistently demonstrating the spirit of sportsmanship, sport leadership, and ethical conduct;
 - iv. Acting, when appropriate, to correct or prevent practices that are unjustly discriminatory; and
 - v. Ensuring adherence to the rules of the sport and the spirit of those rules.
 - c) Abstain from the non-medical use of medications or drugs or the use of Prohibited Substances or Prohibited Methods as listed on the version of the World Anti-Doping Agency's Prohibited List currently in force. More specifically, the Organization adopts and adheres to the Canadian Anti-Doping Program. the Organization will respect any sanction imposed on a Participant as a result of a breach of the Canadian Anti-Doping Program or any other applicable Anti-Doping Rules
 - d) Refrain from associating with any person for the purpose of coaching, training, competition, instruction, administration, management, athletic development, or supervision, who has been found to have committed an anti-doping rule violation and is serving a period of ineligibility imposed pursuant to the Canadian Anti-Doping Program or any other applicable Anti-Doping Rules
 - e) Reasonably cooperate with the CCES or another anti-doping organization that is investigating anti-doping rule violations
 - f) Not harass, intimidate or otherwise conduct themselves offensively towards a doping control official or other individual involved in doping control
 - g) Refrain from the use of power or authority in an attempt to coerce another person to engage in inappropriate activities
 - h) Refrain from consuming tobacco products, cannabis, or recreational drugs while participating in the programs, activities, competitions, or events of the Organization;
 - i) In the case of Minors, not consume alcohol, tobacco, or cannabis at any competition or event;
 - j) In the case of adults, not consume cannabis in the Workplace or in any situation associated with the events of the Organization (subject to any requirements for accommodation), not consume alcohol during training, competitions, or in situations where Minors are present, and take reasonable steps to manage the responsible consumption of alcohol in adult-oriented social situations
 - k) When driving a vehicle:
 - i. Have a valid driver's license;
 - ii. Not be under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs or substances;
 - iii. Have valid car insurance; and
 - iv. Refrain from holding a mobile device.

- l) Respect the property of others and not wilfully cause damage
- m) Promote sport in the most constructive and positive manner possible
- n) Refrain from engaging in deliberate cheating which is intended to manipulate the outcome of a para-classification, competition and/or not offer or receive any bribe which is intended to manipulate the outcome of a competition
- o) Adhere to all federal, provincial/territorial, municipal and host country laws
- p) Comply, at all times, with the bylaws, policies, procedures, and rules and regulations of the Organization as adopted and amended from time to time
- q) Report any ongoing criminal or anti-doping investigation, conviction, or existing bail conditions involving a Participant to the Organization, including, but not limited to, those for violence, child pornography, or possession, use, or sale of any illegal or prohibited substance or method

Directors, Committee Members, and Staff

11. In addition to section 10 (above), Directors, Committee Members, and staff of the Organization will have additional responsibilities to:
- a) Function primarily as a Director or Committee Member or staff member of the Organization and not as a member of any other organization or constituency
 - b) Ensure their loyalty prioritizes the interests of the Organization
 - c) Ensure that financial affairs are conducted in a responsible and transparent manner with due regard for all fiduciary responsibilities
 - d) Comply with the *Screening Policy*
 - e) Conduct themselves openly, professionally, lawfully and in good faith
 - f) Be independent and impartial and not be influenced by self-interest, outside pressure, expectation of reward, or fear of criticism
 - g) Behave with decorum appropriate to both circumstance and position
 - h) Exercise the degree of care, diligence, and skill required in the performance of their duties pursuant to applicable laws
 - i) Maintain confidentiality of private organizational information
 - j) Respect the decisions of the majority and resign if unable to do so
 - k) Commit the time to attend meetings and be diligent in preparation for, and participation in, discussions at such meetings
 - l) Have a thorough knowledge and understanding of all governance documents

Coaches, Instructors, Trainers, and Athlete Support Personnel

12. In addition to section 10 (above), coaches, instructors, trainers and athlete support personnel have many additional responsibilities. The coach-Athlete relationship is a privileged one and plays a critical role in the personal, sport, and athletic development of the Athlete. Coaches must understand and respect the inherent power imbalance that exists in this relationship and must be extremely careful not to abuse it, either consciously or unconsciously. Coaches, instructors, trainers, and athlete support personnel will:
- a) *Avoid any behaviour that abuses the Power Imbalance inherent in the coaching position to (i) establish or maintain a sexual relationship with an Athlete that they are coaching, or (ii) encourage inappropriate physical or emotional intimacy with an Athlete, regardless of the Athlete's age
 - b) Ensure a safe environment by selecting activities and establishing controls that are suitable for the age, experience, ability, and fitness level of the Athletes
 - c) Prepare Athletes systematically and progressively, using appropriate time frames and monitoring physical and psychological adjustments while refraining from using training methods or techniques that may harm Athletes

- d) Avoid compromising the present and future health of Athletes by communicating and cooperating with sport medicine professionals in the diagnosis, treatment, and management of Athletes' medical and psychological treatments
- e) Support the coaching staff of a training camp, provincial/territorial team, or national team, should an Athlete qualify for participation with one of these programs
- f) Accept and promote Athletes' personal goals and refer Athletes to other coaches and sport specialists as appropriate
- g) Provide Athletes (and the parents/guardians of Minor Athletes) with the information necessary to be involved in the decisions that affect the Athlete
- h) Act in the best interest of the Athlete's development as a whole person
- i) Comply with the *Screening Policy*
- j) Report any ongoing criminal or anti-doping investigation, conviction, or existing bail conditions to the Organization, including those for violence, child pornography, or possession, use, or sale of any illegal or prohibited substance or method
- k) Not coach, train, or otherwise support athletes if they use methods or substances prohibited by the Canadian Anti-Doping Program without valid and acceptable justification
- l) Under no circumstances provide, promote, or condone the use of drugs (other than properly prescribed medications) or prohibited substances or prohibited methods and, in the case of Minors, alcohol, cannabis, and/or tobacco
- m) Respect Athletes competing for other jurisdictions and, in dealings with them, not encroach upon topics or actions which are deemed to be within the realm of 'coaching', unless after first receiving approval from the coaches who are responsible for the Athletes
- n) Not engage in a sexual or intimate relationship with an Athlete of any age in which the coach is in a position of trust or authority
- o) Recognize the power inherent in the position of coach and respect and promote the rights of all participants in sport. This is accomplished by establishing and following procedures for confidentiality (right to privacy), informed participation, and fair and reasonable treatment. Coaches have a special responsibility to respect and promote the rights of participants who are in a vulnerable or dependent position and less able to protect their own rights
- p) Dress professionally and use appropriate language

Athletes

13. In addition to section 10 (above), Athletes will have additional responsibilities to:

- a) Adhere to their Athlete Agreement (if applicable)
- b) Report any medical problems in a timely fashion, when such problems may limit their ability to travel, practice, or compete
- c) Participate and appear on-time and prepared to participate to their best abilities in all competitions, practices, training sessions, and evaluations
- d) Properly represent themselves and not attempt to participate in a competition for which they are not eligible by reason of age, classification, or other reason
- e) Adhere to any rules and requirements regarding clothing and equipment
- f) Dress to represent the sport and themselves with professionalism
- g) Act in accordance with applicable policies and procedures and, when applicable, additional rules as outlined by coaches or managers

Officials

14. In addition to section 10 (above), officials will have additional responsibilities to:

- a) Maintain and update their knowledge of the rules and rules changes
- b) Not publicly criticize other officials

- c) Work within the boundaries of their position's description while supporting the work of other officials
- d) Act as an ambassador of the sport by agreeing to enforce and abide by national and provincial/territorial rules and regulations
- e) Take ownership of actions and decisions made while officiating
- f) Respect the rights, dignity, and worth of all Participants
- g) Act openly, impartially, professionally, lawfully, and in good faith
- h) Be fair, equitable, considerate, independent, honest, and impartial in all dealings with others
- i) Respect the confidentiality required by issues of a sensitive nature, which may include discipline processes, appeals, and specific information or data about Participants
- j) Comply with the *Screening Policy*
- k) Honour all assignments unless unable to do so by virtue of illness or personal emergency, and in these cases inform a supervisor or the Organization at the earliest possible time
- l) When writing reports, set out the actual facts to the best of their knowledge and recollection
- m) Dress in proper attire for officiating

Parents/Guardians and Spectators

15. In addition to section 10 (above), parents/guardians and spectators at events will:

- a) Encourage Athletes to compete within the rules and to resolve conflicts without resorting to hostility or violence
- b) Condemn the use of violence in any form
- c) Never ridicule a participant for making a mistake during a competition or practice
- d) Respect the decisions and judgments of officials, and encourage Athletes to do the same
- e) Support all efforts to remove verbal and physical abuse, coercion, intimidation, and sarcasm
- f) Respect and show appreciation to all competitors, and to coaches, officials and other volunteers
- g) Never harass competitors, coaches, officials, parents/guardians, or other spectators

Member Clubs

16. Member Clubs will:

- a) Adhere to all of the Organization's governing documents and, where necessary, amend their own rules to comply or align with those of the Organization
- b) Pay all required dues and fees by the prescribed deadlines;
- c) Recognize that their websites, blogs and Social Media accounts may be seen as extensions of the Organization and must reflect the Organization's mission, vision and values
- d) Ensure that all Athletes and coaches participating in sanctioned competitions and events of the Organization are registered and in good standing
- e) Appropriately screen prospective employees to help ensure Athletes have a healthy and safe sport environment
- f) Ensure that any possible or actual misconduct is investigated promptly and thoroughly
- g) Impose appropriate disciplinary or corrective measures when misconduct has been substantiated
- h) Advise the Organization immediately of any situation where a complainant has publicized a complaint in the media
- i) Provide the Organization with a copy of all decisions rendered pursuant to the organization's policies for complaints and appeals

ABUSE POLICY

Purpose

1. Judo NB and its Members are committed to a sport environment free from abuse. The purpose of this Policy is to stress the importance of that commitment by educating Individuals about abuse, outlining how the Organization and its Members will work to prevent abuse, and how abuse or suspected abuse can be reported to and addressed by the Organization and its Members.

Zero Tolerance Statement

2. Judo NB and its Members has zero tolerance for any type of abuse. Individuals are required to report instances of abuse or suspected abuse to the Organization or a Member to be immediately addressed under the terms of the applicable policy.

Education – What is Abuse

3. Individuals can be abused in different forms.
4. An abuser may use a number of different tactics to gain access to children, exert power and control over them, and prevent them from telling anyone about the abuse or seeking support. The abuse may happen once, or it may occur in a repeated and escalating pattern over a period of months or years. The abuse may change form over time.
5. Abuse of children or youth in sport can include emotional maltreatment, neglect, and physical maltreatment.
6. Importantly, emotional and physical maltreatment does not include professionally-accepted coaching methods (per the NCCP) of skill enhancement, physical conditioning, team building, discipline, or improving athletic performance.
7. Potential warning signs of abuse of children or youth can include:
 - a) Recurrent unexplained injuries
 - b) Alert behaviour; child seems to always be expecting something bad to happen
 - c) Often wears clothing that covers up their skin, even in warm weather
 - d) Child startles easily, shies away from touch or shows other skittish behaviour
 - e) Constantly seems fearful or anxious about doing something wrong
 - f) Withdrawn from peers and adults
 - g) Behavior fluctuates between extremes (e.g., extremely cooperative or extremely demanding)
 - h) Acting either inappropriately beyond their age (like an adult; taking care of other children) or inappropriately younger than their age (like an infant; throwing tantrums)
 - i) Acting out in an inappropriate sexual way with toys or objects
 - j) New adult words for body parts and no obvious source
 - k) Self-harm (e.g., cutting, burning or other harmful activities)
 - l) Not wanting to be alone with a particular child or young person

Vulnerable Adult Abuse

8. Although individuals may be abused at virtually any life stage – childhood, adolescence, young adulthood, middle age, or old age – the nature and consequences of abuse may differ depending on an individual’s situation, disability, or circumstance.
9. Abuse of vulnerable adults is often described as a misuse of power and a violation of trust. Abusers may use a number of different tactics to exert power and control over their victims. Abuse may happen once, or it may occur in a repeated and escalating pattern over months or years. The abuse may take many different forms, which may change over time.
10. Potential warning signs of abuse of vulnerable adults can include:
 - a) Depression, fear, anxiety, passivity
 - b) Unexplained physical injuries
 - c) Dehydration, malnutrition, or lack of food
 - d) Poor hygiene, rashes, pressure sores
 - e) Over-sedation

Preventing Abuse

11. Judo NB and its Members will enact measures aimed at preventing all types of abuse. These measures include screening, orientation, training, practice, and monitoring.

Screening

12. Individuals who coach, volunteer, officiate, deliver developmental programs, accompany a team to an event or competition, are paid staff, or otherwise engage with Vulnerable Individuals involved with the Organization and its Members will be screened according to the organization’s *Screening Policy*.
13. the Organization and its Members will use the *Screening Policy* to determine the level of trust, authority, and access that each Individual has with Vulnerable Individuals. Each level of risk will be accompanied by increased screening procedures which may include the following, singularly or in combination:
 - a) Completing an Application Form for the position sought (which includes alerting Individuals that they must agree to adhere with the organization’s policies and procedures (including this *Abuse Policy*))
 - b) Completing a Screening Declaration Form
 - c) Providing letters of reference
 - d) Providing a Criminal Record Check (“CRC”) and/or Vulnerable Sector Check (“VSC”)
 - e) Providing a driver’s abstract
 - f) Other screening procedures, as required
14. An Individual’s failure to participate in the screening process or pass the screening requirements as determined by a Screening Committee, will result in the Individual’s ineligibility for the position sought.

Orientation and Training

15. The Organization and its Members may deliver orientation and training to those Individuals who have access to, or interact with, Vulnerable Individuals. The orientation and training, and their frequency, will be based on the level of risk, as described in the *Screening Policy*.
16. Orientation may include, but is not limited to: introductory presentations, facility tours, equipment demonstrations, parent/athlete meetings, meetings with colleagues and supervisors, orientation manuals, orientation sessions, and increased supervision during initial tasks or period of engagement.
17. Training may include, but is not limited to: certification courses, online learning, mentoring, workshop sessions, webinars, on-site demonstrations, and peer feedback.
18. At the conclusion of the orientation and training, Individuals may be required to acknowledge, in written form, that they have received and completed the training.

Practice

- 19. When Individuals interact with Vulnerable Individuals, they may be required to enact certain practical approaches to these interactions. These include, but are not limited to:
 - a) Limiting physical interactions to non-threatening or non-sexual touching (e.g., high-fives, pats on the back or shoulder, handshakes, specific skill instruction, etc.)
 - b) Ensuring that Vulnerable Individuals are always supervised by more than one adult
 - c) Ensuring that more than one person is involved with team selection (thereby limiting the consolidation of power onto one Individual)
 - d) Including parents/guardians in all communication (e.g., electronic, telephonic) with Vulnerable Individuals
 - e) Ensuring that parents/guardians are aware that some non-personal communication between Individuals and Vulnerable Individuals (e.g., coaches and athletes) may take place electronically (e.g., by texting) and that this type of communication is now considered to be commonplace, especially with older Vulnerable Individuals (e.g., teenagers). Individuals are aware that such communication is subject to The Organization and its Members's *Code of Conduct and Ethics and Social Media Policy*.
 - f) When traveling with Vulnerable Individuals, the Individual will not transport Vulnerable Individuals without another adult present and will not stay in the same overnight accommodation location without another adult present.

Monitoring

- 20. The Organization and its Members will regularly monitor those Individuals who have access to, or interact with, Vulnerable Individuals. The monitoring will be based on the level of risk, as described in the *Screening Policy*.
- 21. Monitoring may include, but is not limited to: regular status reports, logs, supervisor meetings, supervisor on-site check-ins, feedback provided directly to the organization (from peers and parents/athletes), and regular evaluations.

Reporting Abuse

- 22. Reports of abuse that are shared confidentially with an Individual by a Vulnerable Individual may require the Individual to report the incident to parents/guardians, the Organization and its Members or police. Individuals must respond to such reports in a non-judgemental, supportive and comforting manner but must also explain that the report may need to be escalated to the proper authority or to the Vulnerable Individual's parent/guardian.
- 23. Complaints or reports that describe an element of **abuse** will be addressed by the process(es) described in the Organization and its Members's *Discipline and Complaints Policy* and the *Investigations Policy - Discrimination, Harassment and Abuse*.

| Policy History | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Approved | |
| Next Review Date | |
| Revision Approval Dates | |

DISCIPLINE AND COMPLAINTS POLICY

* Indicates a definition adapted from the *Universal Code of Conduct to Prevent and Address Maltreatment in Sport ("UCCMS")*

Purpose

1. Participants are expected to fulfill certain responsibilities and obligations including, but not limited to, complying with the policies, By-laws, rules and regulations of the Organization. Non-compliance may result in the imposition of sanctions pursuant to this Policy.

Principles

2. *The following principles guide the findings and determinations under this Policy:
 - a) Any form of Maltreatment violates the integrity of Participants and undermines the values of Canadian sport.
 - b) Sanctions imposed will reflect the seriousness of the Maltreatment and the harm to those affected and the values of Canadian sport.

Application of this Policy

3. This Policy applies to all Participants.
4. This Policy applies to matters that may arise during the business, activities, and events of the Organization including, but not limited to, competitions, practices and training, treatment or consultations (e.g., massage therapy), camps and clinics, travel associated with the activities of the Organization, and any meetings.
5. This Policy also applies to Participants' conduct outside of the business, activities, and events of the Organization when such conduct adversely affects the relationships (or the work and sport environment) of the Organization, is detrimental to the image and reputation of the Organization, or upon the acceptance of the Organization. Accordingly, applicability of this Policy will be determined by the Organization upon its sole discretion.
6. *This Policy applies to alleged breaches of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* by Participants who have retired from the sport where any claim regarding a potential breach of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* occurred when the Participant was active in the sport. In addition, this Policy will apply to breaches of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* that occurred when the Participants involved interacted due to their mutual involvement in the sport or, if the breach occurred outside of the sport environment, if the breach has a serious and detrimental impact on the Participant(s).

7. If it is considered appropriate or necessary based on the circumstances, immediate discipline or the imposition of a sanction may be applied, after which further discipline or sanctions may be applied according to this Policy. Any infractions or complaints occurring within competition will be dealt with by the procedures specific to the competition, if applicable. In such situations, disciplinary sanctions may be for the duration of the competition, training, activity, or event only.
8. In addition to being subject to disciplinary action pursuant to this *Discipline and Complaints Policy*, an employee of the Organization who is a Respondent to a complaint may also be subject to consequences in accordance with the employee's Employment Agreement or policies for human resources, if applicable.
9. The Organization may, at its discretion, assume jurisdiction of a complaint that was submitted to a Member Club. In such cases, the Organization's Case Manager will determine whether the complaint process should be re-started or resumed pursuant to the applicable section of this Policy.

Minors

10. Complaints may be brought for or against a Participant who is a Minor. Minors must have a parent/guardian or other adult serve as their representative during this process.
11. Communication from the Case Manager, Internal Discipline Chair or External Discipline Panel (as applicable) must be directed to the Minor's representative.
12. A Minor is not required to attend an oral hearing, if held.

Reporting a Complaint

13. Any person may report a complaint to the Organization's Case Manager (when identified) or directly to the Organization, which will then appoint a Case Manager.
14. At its discretion, the Organization may act as the Complainant and initiate the complaint process under the terms of this Policy. In such cases, the Organization will identify an individual to represent the organization.
15. Complaints or incident reports should be made in writing for the discipline and complaints procedure to be initiated. The Case Manager may accept any formal complaint, in writing or not, at their sole discretion.

Case Manager Responsibilities

16. Upon receipt of a complaint, the Case Manager has a responsibility to:
 - a) Determine the appropriate jurisdiction to manage the complaint and consider the following:
 - i. Whether the complaint should be handled by the appropriate Club, by Judo Canada, or by the Organization. In making this decision, the Case Manager will consider:
 - a. whether the incident has occurred within the business, activities or events of the Club, Judo Canada, or the Organization. If the incident has occurred outside of the business, activities or events of any of these organizations, the Case Manager will determine which organization's relationships are adversely affected or which organization's affairs are most impacted; and
 - b. if the Club is otherwise unable to manage the complaint for valid and justifiable reasons, such as a conflict of interest or due to a lack of capacity
 - ii. If the Case Manager determines that the complaint or incident should be handled by the appropriate Club, that Club may use its own policies to address the complaint or may adopt this Policy and appoint its own Case Manager to fulfil the responsibilities listed below. In

such instance where this Policy is adopted by a Club, any reference to Case Manager below shall be understood as a reference to the Club's Case Manager

- b) Determine whether the complaint is frivolous and/or outside of the jurisdiction of this Policy and, if so, the complaint will be dismissed immediately and the Case Manager's decision to dismiss the complaint may not be appealed;
- c) Propose the use of alternative dispute resolution techniques;
- d) Determine if the alleged incident should be investigated pursuant to **Appendix A – Investigation Procedure**; and/or
- e) Choose which process (Process #1 or Process #2, as outlined below) should be followed to hear and adjudicate the complaint.

There are two different processes that may be used to hear and adjudicate complaints. The Case Manager will decide which process should be followed based on the nature of the complaint.

Process #1 - the Complainant alleges the following incidents:

- a) Disrespectful conduct or comments
- b) Minor incidents of physical violence (e.g., tripping, pushing, elbowing)
- c) Conduct contrary to the values of the Organization
- d) Non-compliance with the organization's policies, procedures, rules, or regulations
- e) Minor violations of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*, *Social Media Policy*, or *Athlete Protection Policy*

Process #2 - the Complainant alleges the following incidents:

- a) Repeated minor incidents
- b) Hazing
- c) Abusive, racist, or sexist comments or behaviour
- d) Behaviour that constitutes harassment, sexual harassment, or sexual misconduct
- e) Major incidents of violence (e.g., fighting, attacking, sucker punching)
- f) Pranks, jokes, or other activities that endanger the safety of others
- g) Conduct that intentionally interferes with a competition or with any athlete's preparation for a competition
- h) Conduct that intentionally damages the organization's image, credibility, or reputation
- i) Consistent disregard for the by-laws, policies, rules, and regulations
- j) Major or repeated violations of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*
- k) Intentionally damaging the organization's property or improperly handling the organization's monies
- l) Abusive use of alcohol, any use or possession of alcohol by Minors, or use or possession of illicit drugs and narcotics
- m) A conviction for any *Criminal Code* offense
- n) Any possession or use of banned performance enhancing drugs or methods

PROCESS #1: Handled by Internal Discipline Chair

Internal Discipline Chair

17. Following the determination that the complaint or incident should be handled under Process #1, the Case Manager will ask the Organization to appoint an Internal Discipline Chair who may:

- a) Recommend mediation;
- b) Make a decision;
- c) Ask the Complainant and the Respondent for either written or oral submissions regarding the complaint or incident; or

- d) Convene the parties to a meeting, either in person or by way of video or teleconference in order to ask the parties questions.

18. Thereafter, the Internal Discipline Chair shall determine if a breach occurred and if sanctions should be applied (see: **Sanctions**).

19. The Internal Discipline Chair will inform the Parties of the decision, which will take effect immediately.

20. Records of all sanctions will be maintained by the Organization.

Request for Reconsideration

21. If there is no sanction, the Complainant may contest the non-sanction by informing the Internal Discipline Chair, within five (5) days of receiving the decision, that the Complainant is not satisfied with the decision. The initial complaint or incident will then be handled under Process #2 of this Policy.

22. If there is a sanction, the sanction may not be appealed until the completion of a Request for Reconsideration. However, the Respondent may contest the sanction by submitting a Request for Reconsideration within five (5) days of receiving the sanction. In the Request for Reconsideration, the Respondent must indicate:

- a) Why the sanction is inappropriate;
- b) Summary of evidence that the Respondent will provide to support the Respondent's position; and
- c) What alternative penalty or sanction (if any) would be appropriate.

23. Upon receiving a request for reconsideration, the Internal Discipline Chair may decide to accept or reject the Respondent's suggestion for an alternative sanction.

24. Should the Internal Discipline Chair accept the Respondent's suggestion for an appropriate sanction, that sanction will take effect immediately.

25. Should the Internal Discipline Chair not accept the Respondent's suggestion for an appropriate sanction, the initial complaint or incident will be handled under Process #2 of this Policy.

PROCESS #2: Handled by Case Manager and External Discipline Panel

Case Manager

26. Following the determination that the complaint or incident should be handled under Process #2, the Case Manager has a responsibility to:

- a) Propose the use of alternative dispute resolution techniques
- b) Appoint the External Discipline Panel, if necessary
- c) Coordinate all administrative aspects of the process and set reasonable timelines
- d) Provide administrative assistance and logistical support to the External Discipline Panel as required
- e) Provide any other service or support that may be necessary to ensure a fair and timely proceeding

27. The Case Manager will establish and adhere to timelines that ensure procedural fairness and that the matter is heard in a timely fashion.

28. The Case Manager may propose using alternative dispute resolution methods, such as mediation or negotiated settlement.

29. If the dispute is not resolved using alternative methods, the Case Manager will appoint an External Discipline Panel of one (1) person to hear the complaint. Depending on the severity of the allegations and at the Case Manager's discretion, an External Discipline Panel of three (3) people may be appointed. When a three-person External Discipline Panel is appointed, the Case Manager will appoint one of the External Discipline Panel's members to serve as the Chair.
30. The Case Manager, in cooperation with the External Discipline Panel, will then decide the format under which the complaint will be heard. This decision may not be appealed. The format of the hearing may be an oral in-person hearing, an oral hearing by telephone or other communication medium, a hearing based on a review of documentary evidence submitted in advance of the hearing, or a combination of these methods.
31. The hearing will be governed by the procedures that the Case Manager and the External Discipline Panel deem appropriate for the circumstances. The following guidelines will apply to the hearing:
 - a) The Parties will be given appropriate notice of the day, time, and place of the hearing
 - b) Copies of any written documents which any of the Parties wishes to have the External Discipline Panel consider will be provided to all Parties, through the Case Manager, in advance of the hearing
 - c) The Parties may engage a representative, advisor, or legal counsel at their own expense
 - d) The External Discipline Panel may request that any other individual participate and give evidence at the hearing
 - e) The External Discipline Panel may allow as evidence at the hearing any oral evidence and document or thing relevant to the subject matter of the complaint, but may exclude such evidence that is unduly repetitious, and shall place such weight on the evidence as it deems appropriate
 - f) The decision will be by a majority vote of the External Discipline Panel, when the Panel consists of three people
32. If the Respondent acknowledges the facts of the incident, the Respondent may waive the hearing, in which case the External Discipline Panel will determine the appropriate sanction. The External Discipline Panel may still hold a hearing for the purpose of determining an appropriate sanction.
33. The hearing will proceed in any event, even if a Party chooses not to participate in the hearing.
34. In fulfilling its duties, the External Discipline Panel may obtain independent advice.

Decision

35. After hearing the matter, the External Discipline Panel will determine whether an infraction has occurred and, if so, the sanctions to be imposed. Within fourteen (14) days of the hearing's conclusion, the External Discipline Panel's written decision, with reasons, will be distributed to all parties, the Case Manager, to the Organization. In extraordinary circumstances, the External Discipline Panel may first issue a verbal or summary decision soon after the hearing's conclusion, with the full written decision to be issued before the end of the fourteen (14) day period. The decision will be considered a matter of public record unless decided otherwise by the External Discipline Panel.

Sanctions

36. *Prior to determining sanctions, the Internal Discipline Chair or External Discipline Panel, as applicable, will consider factors relevant to determining appropriate sanctions which include:
 - a) The nature and duration of the Respondent's relationship with the Complainant, including whether there is a Power Imbalance;
 - b) The Respondent's prior history and any pattern of inappropriate behaviour or Maltreatment;
 - c) The ages of the individuals involved;

- d) Whether the Respondent poses an ongoing and/or potential threat to the safety of others;
- e) The Respondent's voluntary admission of the offense(s), acceptance of responsibility for the Maltreatment, and/or cooperation in the process of the Organization;
- f) Real or perceived impact of the incident on the Complainant, sport organization or the sporting community;
- g) Circumstances specific to the Respondent being sanctioned (e.g. lack of appropriate knowledge or training regarding the requirements in the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*; addiction; disability; illness);
- h) Whether, given the facts and circumstances that have been established, continued participation in the sport community is appropriate;
- i) A Respondent who is in a position of trust, intimate contact or high-impact decision-making may face more serious sanctions; and/or
- j) Other mitigating and aggravating circumstances.

37. *Any sanction imposed must be proportionate and reasonable. However, progressive discipline is not required and a single incident of Maltreatment or other prohibited behaviour may justify elevated or combined sanctions.

38. *The Internal Discipline Chair or External Discipline Panel, as applicable, may apply the following disciplinary sanctions, singularly or in combination:

- a) **Verbal or Written Warning** - A verbal reprimand or an official, written notice and formal admonition that a Participant has violated the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* and that more severe sanctions will result should the Participant be involved in other violations
- b) **Education** - The requirement that a Participant undertake specified educational or similar remedial measures to address the violation(s) of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*
- c) **Probation** - Should any further violations of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* occur during the probationary period, will result in additional disciplinary measures, likely including a period of suspension or permanent ineligibility. This sanction can also include loss of privileges or other conditions, restrictions, or requirements for a specified period of time
- d) **Suspension** - Suspension, either for a set time or until further notice, from participation, in any capacity, in any program, practice, activity, event, or competition sponsored by, organized by, or under the auspices of the Organization. A suspended Participant is eligible to return to participation, but reinstatement may be subject to certain restrictions or contingent upon the Participant satisfying specific conditions noted at the time of suspension
- e) **Eligibility Restrictions** - Restrictions or prohibitions from some types of participation but allowing participation in other capacities under strict conditions
- f) **Permanent Ineligibility** - Ineligibility to participate in any capacity in any program, activity, event, or competition sponsored by, organized by, or under the auspices of the Organization
- g) **Other Discretionary Sanctions** - Other sanctions may be imposed, including, but not limited to, other loss of privileges, no contact directives, a fine or a monetary payment to compensate for direct losses, or other restrictions or conditions as deemed necessary or appropriate

39. *The Internal Discipline Chair or External Discipline Panel, as applicable, may apply the following presumptive sanctions which are presumed to be fair and appropriate for the listed Maltreatment:

- a) Sexual Maltreatment involving a Minor Complainant shall carry a presumptive sanction of permanent ineligibility
- b) Sexual Maltreatment, Physical Maltreatment with contact, and Maltreatment related to interference or manipulation of process shall carry a presumptive sanction of either a period of suspension or eligibility restrictions

- c) While a Respondent has pending charges or dispositions in violation of the criminal law, the presumptive sanction shall be a period of suspension

40. A Participant's conviction for a *Criminal Code* offense shall carry a presumptive sanction of permanent ineligibility from participating with the Organization. *Criminal Code* offences may include, but are not limited to:

- a) Any child pornography offences
- b) Any sexual offences
- c) Any offence of physical violence
- d) Any offence of assault
- e) Any offence involving trafficking of illegal drugs

41. Unless the External Discipline Panel decides otherwise, any disciplinary sanctions will begin immediately, notwithstanding an appeal. Failure to comply with a sanction as determined by the External Discipline Panel will result in an automatic suspension until such time as compliance occurs.

42. Records of all decisions will be maintained by the Organization.

Appeals

43. The decision of the External Discipline Panel may be appealed in accordance with the *Appeal Policy*.

Suspension Pending a Hearing

44. The Organization may determine that an alleged incident is of such seriousness as to warrant suspension of a Participant pending completion of an investigation, criminal process, the hearing, or a decision of the External Discipline Panel.

Confidentiality

45. The discipline and complaints process is confidential and involves only the Organization, the Parties, the Case Manager, the Internal Discipline Chair, the External Discipline Panel, and any independent advisors to the External Discipline Panel. Once initiated and until a decision is released, none of the parties will disclose confidential information relating to the discipline or complaint to any person not involved in the proceedings.

46. Any failure to respect the aforementioned confidentiality requirement may result in further sanctions or discipline by the Internal Discipline Chair or External Discipline Panel (as applicable).

Timelines

47. If the circumstances of the complaint are such that adhering to the timelines outlined by this Policy will not allow a timely resolution to the complaint, the Case Manager may direct that these timelines be revised.

Records and Distribution of Decisions

48. Other individuals or organizations, including but not limited to, national sport organizations, Provincial/Territorial sport organizations, sport clubs, etc., may be advised of any decisions rendered in accordance with this Policy.

49. *The Organization recognizes that a publicly-available searchable database or registry of Respondents who have been sanctioned, or whose eligibility to participate in sport has in some way been restricted, may be maintained and may be subject to provisions in the UCCMS.

Appendix A – Investigation Procedure

* Indicates a section that has been adapted from the UCCMS

Determination

1. When a complaint is submitted pursuant to the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*, the Case Manager will determine if the incident should be investigated.

Investigation

2. The Case Manager will appoint an Investigator. The Investigator must be an independent third-party skilled in investigating. The Investigator must not be in a conflict of interest situation and should have no connection to either party.
3. Federal and/or Provincial/Territorial legislation related to Workplace Harassment may apply to the investigation if Harassment was directed toward a worker in a Workplace. The Investigator should review workplace safety legislation, the organization's policies for human resources, and/or consult independent experts to determine whether legislation applies to the complaint.
4. The investigation may take any form as decided by the Investigator, guided by any applicable Federal and/or Provincial/Territorial legislation. The investigation may include:
 - a) Interviews with the Complainant
 - b) Witness interviews
 - c) Statement of facts (Complainant's perspective) prepared by Investigator, acknowledged by the Complainant and provided to the Respondent
 - d) Interviews with the Respondent
 - e) Statement of facts (Respondent's perspective) prepared by Investigator, acknowledged by the Respondent and provided to the Complainant

Investigator's Report

5. Upon completion of their investigation, the Investigator shall prepare a report that should include a summary of evidence from the parties (including both statements of facts, if applicable) and recommendations from the Investigator of whether, on a balance of probabilities, a breach of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* occurred.
6. *The Investigator must be aware that sport-specific differences exist with respect to such aspects as acceptable levels of touch, physical contact, and aggression during training or competition and will consider such differences during the investigative process.
7. The Investigator's Report will be provided to the Case Manager who will disclose it, at their discretion, to the Organization.
8. Should the Investigator find that there are possible instances of offence under the *Criminal Code*, particularly related to Criminal Harassment (or Stalking), Uttering Threats, Assault, Sexual Interference, or Sexual Exploitation, the Investigator shall advise the Complainant and the Organization to refer the matter to police.
9. The Investigator must also inform the Organization of any findings of criminal activity. The Organization may decide whether to report such findings to police but is required to inform police if there are findings related to the trafficking of prohibited substances or methods (as indicated in the version of the World Anti-Doping

Agency's Prohibited List currently in force), any sexual crime involving Minors, fraud against the Organization, or other offences where the lack of reporting would bring the Organization into disrepute.

Reprisal and Retaliation

10. *A Participant who submits a complaint to the Organization or who gives evidence in an investigation may not be subject to reprisal or retaliation from any individual or group. Any such conduct may constitute Maltreatment and will be subject to disciplinary proceedings pursuant to the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.

False Allegations

11. A Participant who submits allegations that the Investigator determines to be malicious, false, or for the purpose of retribution, retaliation or vengeance (or that otherwise fall within the definition of Maltreatment) may be subject to a complaint under the terms of the *Discipline and Complaints Policy* and may be required to pay for the costs of any investigation that comes to this conclusion. The Organization or the Participant against whom the allegations were submitted, may act as the Complainant.

Confidentiality

12. The Investigator will make reasonable efforts to preserve the anonymity of the complainant, respondent, and any other party. However, the Organization recognizes that maintaining full anonymity during an investigation may not be feasible.

DISPUTE RESOLUTION POLICY

Purpose

1. The Organization support the principles of Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) and is committed to the techniques of negotiation, facilitation, and mediation as effective ways to resolve disputes. ADR also avoids the uncertainty, costs, and other negative effects associated with lengthy appeals or complaints, or with litigation.
2. The Organization encourage all Participants to communicate openly, and to collaborate and use problem-solving and negotiation techniques to resolve their differences. The Organization believe that negotiated settlements are most often preferable to arbitrated outcomes. Negotiated resolutions to disputes with and among Participants are strongly encouraged.

Application of this Policy

3. This Policy applies to all Participants.
4. Opportunities for ADR may be pursued at any point in a dispute when all parties to the dispute agree that such a course of action would be mutually beneficial.

Facilitation and Mediation

5. If all parties to a dispute agree to ADR, a mediator or facilitator, acceptable to all parties, shall be appointed to mediate or facilitate the dispute.
6. The mediator or facilitator shall decide the format under which the dispute shall be mediated or facilitated and may, if they consider it appropriate, specify a deadline before which the parties must reach a negotiated decision.
7. Should a negotiated settlement be reached, the written settlement shall be reported to, and approved by, the Organization for approval. Any actions that are to take place as a result of the decision shall be enacted on the timelines specified by the negotiated decision, pending approval.
8. Should a negotiated settlement not be reached by the deadline specified by the mediator or facilitator at the start of the process (if set), or if the parties to the dispute do not agree to ADR, the dispute shall be considered under the appropriate section of the *Discipline and Complaints Policy* or *Appeal Policy*, as applicable.

Final and Binding

9. Any negotiated settlement will be binding on the parties. Negotiated settlements may not be appealed.

| Policy History | |
|------------------|------------|
| Approved | 2022-02-30 |
| Next Review Date | 2022-06-02 |

APPEAL POLICY

Purpose

1. This *Appeal Policy* provides Participants with a fair and expedient appeal process.

Scope and Application of this Policy

2. This Policy applies to all Participants.
3. Any Participant who is directly affected by a decision made by the Organization shall have the right to appeal that decision provided that there are sufficient grounds for the appeal under the **Grounds for Appeal** section of this Policy.
4. This Policy **will apply** to decisions relating to:
 - a) Eligibility
 - b) Selection
 - c) Conflict of Interest
 - d) Discipline
 - e) Membership
5. This Policy **will not apply** to decisions relating to:
 - a) Employment
 - b) Infractions for doping offenses
 - c) The rules of the sport
 - d) Selection criteria, quotas, policies, and procedures established by entities other than the Organization
 - e) Substance, content and establishment of team selection or carding criteria
 - f) Volunteer/coach appointments and the withdrawal or termination of those appointments
 - g) Budgeting and budget implementation
 - h) The organization's operational structure and committee appointments
 - i) Decisions or discipline arising within the business, activities, or events organized by entities other than the Organization (appeals of these decisions shall be dealt with pursuant to the policies of those other entities unless requested and accepted by the organization at its sole discretion)
 - j) Commercial matters for which another appeals process exists under a contract or applicable law
 - k) Decisions made under this Policy

Timing of Appeal

6. Participants who wish to appeal a decision have seven (7) days from the date on which they received notice of the decision to submit the following:
 - a) Notice of the intention to appeal
 - b) Their contact information
 - c) Name and contact information of the Respondent and any Affected Parties, when known to the Appellant
 - d) Date the Appellant was advised of the decision being appealed
 - e) A copy of the decision being appealed, or description of decision if written document is not available
 - f) Grounds for the appeal
 - g) Detailed reasons for the appeal
 - h) All evidence that supports these grounds
 - i) Requested remedy or remedies

j) An administration fee of **two hundred dollars (\$200)**

7. A Participant who wishes to initiate an appeal beyond the seven (7) day period must provide a written request stating the reasons for an exemption. The decision to allow, or not allow, an appeal outside of the seven (7) day period will be at the sole discretion of the Appeal Manager and may not be appealed.

Submitting an Appeal

8. Appeals of decisions made by a Club can be submitted to the Club to be heard pursuant to this Policy, adapted by the Club as required. Alternatively, the Organization may hear appeals of Club decisions at its discretion.

9. Appeals of decisions made by the Organization can be submitted to the Organization to be addressed pursuant to this Policy.

Grounds for Appeal

10. A decision cannot be appealed on its merits alone. An appeal may only be heard if there are sufficient grounds for appeal. Sufficient grounds include the Respondent:

- a) Made a decision that it did not have the authority or jurisdiction (as set out in the Respondent's governing documents) to make
- b) Failed to follow its own procedures (as set out in the Respondent's governing documents)
- c) Made a decision that was influenced by bias (where bias is defined as a lack of neutrality to such an extent that the decision-maker appears not to have considered other views)
- d) Made a decision that was patently unreasonable

Screening of Appeal

11. The parties may first attempt to resolve the appeal through the *Dispute Resolution Policy*.

12. Appeals resolved under the *Dispute Resolution Policy* will result in the administration fee being refunded to the Appellant.

13. Should the appeal not be resolved by using the *Dispute Resolution Policy*, the Organization will appoint an independent Appeal Manager (who must not be in a conflict of interest or have any direct relationship with the parties) who has the following responsibilities:

- a) To determine if the appeal falls under the scope of this Policy
- b) To determine if the appeal was submitted in a timely manner
- c) To decide whether there are sufficient grounds for the appeal

14. If the Appeal Manager denies the appeal on the basis of insufficient grounds, because it was not submitted in a timely manner, or because it did not fall under the scope of this Policy, the Appellant will be notified, in writing, of the reasons for this decision. This decision may not be appealed.

15. If the Appeal Manager is satisfied there are sufficient grounds for an appeal, the Appeal Manager will appoint an Appeal Panel which shall consist of a single Arbitrator, to hear the appeal. In extraordinary circumstances, and at the discretion of the Appeal Manager, an Appeal Panel composed of three persons may be appointed to hear the appeal. In this event, the Appeal Manager will appoint one of the Panel's members to serve as the Chair.

Determination of Affected Parties

16. In order to confirm the identification of any Affected Parties, the Appeal Manager will engage the Organization. The Appeal Manager may determine whether a party is an Affected Party in their sole discretion.

Procedure for Appeal Hearing

16. The Appeal Manager shall notify the Parties that the appeal will be heard. The Appeal Manager shall then decide the format under which the appeal will be heard. This decision is at the sole discretion of the Appeal Manager and may not be appealed.
17. If a party chooses not to participate in the hearing, the hearing will proceed in any event.
18. The format of the hearing may involve an oral in-person hearing, an oral hearing by telephone or other electronic means, a hearing based on a review of documentary evidence submitted in advance of the hearing, or a combination of these methods. The hearing will be governed by the procedures that the Appeal Manager and the Panel deem appropriate in the circumstances. The following guidelines will apply to the hearing:
 - a) The hearing will be held within a timeline determined by the Appeal Manager
 - b) The Parties will be given reasonable notice of the day, time and place of an oral in-person hearing or oral hearing by telephone or electronic communications.
 - c) Copies of any written documents which any of the Parties wishes to have the Panel consider will be provided to all Parties in advance of the hearing
 - d) The Parties may be accompanied by a representative, advisor, or legal counsel at their own expense
 - e) The Panel may request that any other individual participate and give evidence at an oral in-person hearing or oral hearing by telephone or electronic communications.
 - f) The Panel may allow as evidence at the hearing any oral evidence and document or thing relevant to the subject matter of the appeal, but may exclude such evidence that is unduly repetitious and shall place such weight on the evidence as it deems appropriate
 - g) If a decision in the appeal may affect another party to the extent that the other party would have recourse to an appeal in their own right under this Policy, that party will become an Affected Party to the appeal in question and will be bound by its outcome
 - h) The decision to uphold or reject the appeal will be by a majority vote of Panel members
19. In fulfilling its duties, the Panel may obtain independent advice.

Appeal Decision

20. The Appellant must demonstrate, on a balance of probabilities, that the Respondent has made a procedural error as described in the **Grounds for Appeal** section of this Policy and that this error had, or may reasonably have had, a material effect on the decision or decision-maker.
21. The Panel shall issue its decision, in writing and with reasons, within seven (7) days after the hearing's conclusion. In making its decision, the Panel will have no greater authority than that of the original decision-maker. The Panel may decide to:
 - a) Reject the appeal and confirm the decision being appealed;
 - b) Uphold the appeal and refer the matter back to the initial decision-maker for a new decision; or
 - c) Uphold the appeal and vary the decision.
22. The Panel will also determine whether costs of the appeal, excluding legal fees and legal disbursements of any parties, will be assessed against any party. In assessing costs, the Panel will take into account the outcome of the appeal, the conduct of the parties, and the parties' respective financial resources.

23. The Panel's written decision, with reasons, will be distributed to all parties, the Appeal Manager, and the Organization. In extraordinary circumstances, the Panel may first issue a verbal or summary decision soon after the hearing's conclusion, with the full written decision to be issued thereafter. The decision will be considered a matter of public record unless decided otherwise by the Panel.

Timelines

24. If the circumstances of the appeal are such that adhering to the timelines outlined by this Policy will not allow a timely resolution to the appeal, the Appeal Manager and/or Panel may direct that these timelines be revised.

Confidentiality

25. The appeals process is confidential and involves only the parties, the Appeal Manager, the Panel, and any independent advisors to the Panel. Once initiated and until a decision is released, none of the Parties will disclose confidential information to any person not involved in the proceedings.

Final and Binding

26. No action or legal proceeding will be commenced against the Organization or Participants in respect of a dispute, unless the Organization has refused or failed to provide or abide by the dispute resolution process and/or appeal process as set out in governing documents.

EVENT DISCIPLINE POLICY

**** This *Event Discipline Policy* does not supersede or replace the *Discipline and Complaints Policy* ****

Purpose

1. The Organization is committed to providing a competition environment in which all Participants are treated with respect. This Procedure outlines how alleged misconduct during an Event will be handled.

Scope and Application of this Policy

2. This Procedure will be applied to all Events sanctioned by the Organization.
3. If the Event is being sanctioned by an organization other than the Organization (e.g., an international federation), the procedures for event discipline of the host organization will replace this procedure. Incidents involving Participants connected with the Organization (such as Athletes, coaches, and Directors and Officers) must still be reported by the head coach or team representative to the Organization to be addressed under the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*, if necessary.
4. This Procedure does not replace or supersede the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*. Instead, this Procedure works in concert with the *Discipline and Complaints Policy* by outlining, for a designated person with authority at an event sanctioned by the Organization, the procedure for taking immediate, informal, or corrective action in the event of a possible violation of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*.

Misconduct During Events

5. Incidents that violate or potentially violate the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*, which can occur during a competition, away from the area of competition, or between parties connected to the Event, shall be reported by the head coach or team representative to a designated person (usually the chief official) responsible at the Event.
6. The designated person at the Event shall use the following procedure to address the incident that violated or potentially violated the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*:
 - a) Notify the involved parties that there has been an incident that violated or potentially violated the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*
 - b) Convene a jury of either one person or three people (one of whom shall be designated the Chairperson), who shall not be in a conflict of interest or involved in the original incident, to determine whether the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* has been violated. The designated person at the Event may serve on the jury
 - c) The jury will interview and secure statements from any witnesses to the alleged violation
 - d) If the violation occurred during a competition, interviews will be held with the officials who officiated or observed the competition and with the coaches and captains of each team when necessary and appropriate
 - e) The jury will secure a statement from the person(s) accused of the violation
 - f) The jury will render a decision and determine a possible penalty
 - g) The Chairperson of the jury will inform all parties of the jury's decision
7. The penalty determined by the jury may include any of the following, singularly or in combination:
 - a) Oral or written warning

- b) Oral or written reprimand
 - c) Suspension from future competitions at the Event
 - d) Ejection from the Event
 - e) Other appropriate penalty as determined by the jury
8. The jury does not have the authority to determine a penalty that exceeds the duration of the Event. A full written report of the incident and the jury's decision shall be submitted to the Organization by the Chair of the jury following the conclusion of the Event. Further discipline may then be applied in accordance with the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*, if necessary.
9. Decisions made pursuant to this Policy may not be appealed.
10. This Policy does not prohibit other Participants from reporting the same incident to the Organization to be addressed as a formal complaint under the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.
11. The Organization shall record and maintain records of all reported incidents.

Timeliness

12. The procedures outlined in this Procedure are Event-specific and therefore shall be exercised and implemented as soon as it is reasonable to do so. The final decision of the jury must be reached and communicated to the Parties prior to the conclusion of the event in order for it to be effective.
13. Decisions issued by the jury after the conclusion of the event will not be enforceable.

SOCIAL MEDIA POLICY

Preamble

1. The Organization is aware that Participant interaction and communication occurs frequently on Social Media. The Organization cautions Participants that any conduct falling short of the standard of behaviour required by this *Social Media Policy* and the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* may be subject to the disciplinary sanctions identified within the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.

Application of this Policy

2. This Policy applies to all Participants.

Conduct and Behaviour

3. All conduct and behaviour occurring on Social Media must comply with the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*.
4. Participants may not engage in the following behaviour on Social Media:
 - a) Posting a disrespectful, hateful, harmful, disparaging, or insulting comment on a social medium that is directed at a Participant, at the Organization, or at other individuals connected with the Organization
 - b) Posting a picture, altered picture, or video on a social medium that is harmful, disrespectful, insulting, embarrassing, suggestive, provocative, or otherwise offensive, and that is directed at a Participant, at the Organization, or at other individuals connected with the Organization
 - c) Creating or contributing to a Facebook group, webpage, Instagram account, Twitter feed, blog, or online forum devoted solely or in part to promoting negative or disparaging remarks or commentary about the Organization or its stakeholders or reputation
 - d) Any instance of cyber-bullying or cyber-harassment between one Participant and another Participant (including a teammate, coach, opponent, volunteer, or official), where incidents of cyber-bullying and cyber-harassment can include but are not limited to the following conduct on any social medium, via text-message, or via email: regular insults, negative comments, vexatious behaviour, pranks or jokes, threats, posing as another person, spreading rumours or lies, or other harmful behaviour.

Participants Responsibilities

5. Participants should be aware that their social media activity may be viewed by anyone; including the Organization.
6. If the Organization unofficially engages with a Participant in Social Media (such as by retweeting a tweet or sharing a photo on Facebook) the Participant may, at any time, ask the Organization to cease this engagement.
7. When using Social Media, a Participant must model appropriate behaviour befitting the Participant's role and status in connection with the Organization.
8. Removing content from Social Media after it has been posted (either publicly or privately) does not excuse the Participant from being subject to the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.

9. An individual who believes that a Participant's Social Media activity is inappropriate or may violate policies and procedures should report the matter to the Organization in the manner outlined by the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.

Organization Responsibilities

10. The Organization has a responsibility to understand if and how Persons in Authority and Athletes are using Social Media to communicate with each other. Persons in Authority and Athletes may need to be reminded that behaviour in Social Media is still subject to the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* and *Social Media Policy*.
11. Complaints and concerns about the behaviour of a Person in Authority or Athlete in Social Media can be addressed under the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.

Guidelines

12. The Guidelines in this section provide Persons in Authority and Athletes with tips and suggestions for Social Media use. Persons in Authority and Athletes are strongly encouraged to develop their own strategy for Social Media use (either written down or not) and ensure that their strategy for Social Media use is acceptable pursuant to the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*.
13. Given the nature of Social Media as a continually developing communication sphere, the Organization trusts its Persons in Authority and Athletes to use their best judgment when interacting with Social Media. These Guidelines are not hard and fast rules or behavioural laws; but rather recommendations that will inform individuals' best judgment.

Social Media Guidelines for Persons in Authority

14. Persons in Authority should consider the following guidelines to inform their own strategy for Social Media use:
 - a) With Minor Athletes, ensure that parents/guardians are aware if some interactions may take place on Social Media and the context for those interactions, and give parents/guardians the option to prohibit or restrict communication in this space
 - b) Attempt to make communication with Athletes in Social Media as one-sided as possible. Be available for Athletes if they initiate contact – Athletes may wish to have this easy and quick access to you – but avoid imposing yourself into an Athlete's personal Social Media space
 - c) Ensure all Social Media communication is professional, unambiguous, and on-topic. Avoid emojis and unspecific language that can be interpreted in multiple ways
 - d) Choosing not to engage with Social Media is an acceptable strategy. Be prepared to inform Athletes (and/or parents/guardians) why you will not engage in this space and explain which media you will use to communicate with them
 - e) Athletes will search for your Social Media accounts. Be prepared for how you will respond when an Athlete attempts to interact with you on Social Media
 - f) Annually review and update the privacy settings on all your Social Media accounts
 - g) Consider monitoring or being generally aware of Athletes' public Social Media behaviour to ensure compliance with *Code of Conduct and Ethics* and this Policy
 - h) Never demand access to an Athlete's private posts on Twitter, Instagram, or Facebook
 - i) Do not send friend requests to Athletes. Never pressure Athletes to send you a friend request or follow your Social Media accounts
 - j) If you accept a friend request from one Athlete, you should accept these requests from all Athletes. Be careful not to show favouritism on Social Media
 - k) Consider managing your Social Media so that Athletes do not have the option to follow you on Twitter or send you a friend request on Facebook

- l) Do not identify Minor Athletes on publicly available Social Media
- m) Seek permission from adult Athletes before identifying them on publicly available Social Media
- n) Avoid adding Athletes to Snapchat and do not send snapchats to Athletes
- o) Do not post pictures or videos of Minor Athletes on your private Social Media accounts
- p) Do not use Social Media to 'trap' Athletes if they say one thing to you in person but their Social Media activity reveals they were doing something different
- q) Be aware that you may acquire information about an Athlete that imposes an obligation of disclosure on your part (such as seeing pictures of underage Athletes drinking during a trip)
- r) If selection decisions and other official team business are announced on Social Media, ensure they are also posted on a less-social medium like a website or distributed via email
- s) Never require Athletes to join Facebook, join a Facebook group, subscribe to a Twitter feed, or join a Facebook page about your team or organization
- t) If you create a page on Facebook or Instagram for your team or Athlete, do not make this Social Media site the exclusive location for important information. Duplicate important information in less-social channels (like on a website or via email)
- u) Exercise appropriate discretion when using Social Media for your own personal communications (with friends, colleagues, and other Persons in Authority) with the knowledge that your behaviour may be used as a model by Athletes
- v) Avoid association with Facebook groups, Instagram accounts, or Twitter feeds with explicit sexual conduct or viewpoints that might offend or compromise your relationship with an Athlete
- w) Never misrepresent yourself by using a fake name or fake profile

Social Media Guidelines for Athletes

15. The following tips should be used by Athletes to inform their own strategy for Social Media use:

- a) Set your privacy settings to restrict who can search for you and what private information other people can see.
- b) Coaches, teammates, officials, or opposing competitors may all add you to Facebook or follow you on Instagram or Twitter. You are not required to follow anyone or be Facebook friends with anyone.
- c) Avoid adding Persons in Authority to Snapchat and do not send snapchats to Persons in Authority.
- d) If you feel harassed by someone in a social medium, report it to your coach or another Persons in Authority with your organization.
- e) You do not have to join a fan page on Facebook or follow a Twitter feed or Instagram account.
- f) Content posted on a social medium, relative to your privacy settings, is considered public. In most cases, you do not have a reasonable expectation of privacy for any material that you post.
- g) Content posted to a social medium is almost always permanent – consider that other individuals may take screenshots of your content (even snapchats) before you can delete them.
- h) Avoid posting pictures of, or alluding to, participation in illegal activity such as: speeding, physical assault, harassment, drinking alcohol (if underage), and smoking marijuana.
- i) Model appropriate behaviour in Social Media befitting your status as a) an Athlete, and b) a member of your organization and its governing organizations. As a representative of your organization, you have agreed to the *Code of Conduct and Ethics* and must follow that Code when you post material and interact with other people through Social Media.
- j) Be aware that your public Facebook page, Instagram account, or Twitter feed may be monitored by your organization, coach, or by another organization and content or behaviour demonstrated in Social Media may be subject to sanction under the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.

SCREENING POLICY

Definitions

1. The following defined terms have these meanings in this Policy:
 - a) **Criminal Record Check (CRC)** – A search of the RCMP Canadian Police Information Centre (CPIC) system for adult convictions
 - b) **Enhanced Police Information Check (E-PIC)** – a Criminal Record Check plus a search of Local Police Information, available from Sterling Backcheck
 - c) **Local Police Information (LPI)** – Additional conviction and selected non-conviction information in national and local police data sources which may be relevant to the position sought
 - d) **Vulnerable Sector Check (VSC)** – A detailed check that includes a search of the RCMP Canadian Police Information Centre (CPIC) system, Local Police Information, and the Pardoned Sex Offender database

Preamble

2. The Organization understands that screening personnel and volunteers is a vital part of providing a safe sporting environment and has become a common practice among sport organizations that provide programs and services to the sport community.

Application of this Policy

3. This Policy applies to all individuals whose position with the Organization is one of trust or authority which may relate to, at a minimum, finances, supervision, or Vulnerable Participants.
4. Not all individuals associated with the Organization will be required to obtain a criminal record check or submit screening documents because not all positions pose a risk of harm to the Organization or Participants. The Organization will determine which individuals will be subject to screening using the following guidelines (the Organization may vary the guidelines at their discretion):

Level 1 – Low Risk - Participants involved in low risk assignments who are not in a supervisory role, not directing others, not involved with finances, and/or do not have unsupervised access to Vulnerable Participants. Examples:

- a) Parents, youth, or volunteers who are helping out on a non-regular or informal basis

Level 2 – Medium Risk – Participants involved in medium risk assignments who may be in a supervisory role, may direct others, may be involved with finances, and/or who may have limited access to Vulnerable Participants. Examples:

- a) Athlete support personnel
- b) Non-coach employees or managers
- c) Directors
- d) Coaches who are typically under the supervision of another coach
- e) Officials

Level 3 – High Risk – Participants involved in high risk assignments who occupy positions of trust and/or authority, have a supervisory role, direct others, are involved with finances, and who have frequent or unsupervised access to Vulnerable Participants. Examples:

- a) Full time coaches
- b) Coaches who travel with Athletes
- c) Coaches who could be alone with Athletes

Screening Committee

5. The implementation of this policy is the responsibility of the Screening Committee which is a committee composed of either one (1) or three (3) members. The Organization will ensure that the members appointed to the Screening Committee possess the requisite skills, knowledge and abilities to accurately screen documents and render decisions under this Policy.
6. The Screening Committee is responsible for reviewing all documents submitted and, based on the review, making decisions regarding the appropriateness of individuals filling positions within the Organization. In carrying out its duties, the Screening Committee may consult with independent experts including lawyers, police, risk management consultants, volunteer screening specialists, or any other person.
7. Nothing in this Policy restricts or limits the Screening Committee from requesting that the individual attend an interview with the Screening Committee if the Screening Committee considers that an interview is appropriate and necessary to screen the individual's application.
8. Nothing in this Policy restricts or limits the Screening Committee from requesting the individual's authorization to contact any professional, sporting or other organization in order to assess the individual's suitability for the position that they are seeking.
9. Nothing in this Policy restricts or limits the Screening Committee from requesting further information from the individual on more than one occasion, subject to the individual's right to insist that the Screening Committee make a decision on the basis of the information before it.
10. The Screening Committee may, where appropriate, draw an adverse inference from an individual's failure to provide information or answer queries.
11. When assessing an individual's screening application, the Screening Committee shall determine whether there is reason to believe that the individual may pose a risk to the Organization or to another individual.
12. An individual having been previously penalized for a prior offence shall not prevent the Screening Committee from considering that offence as part of the individual's screening application.
13. If the Screening Committee determines on the basis of the individual's screening application, in addition to any further material received by it, that the individual does not pose a risk to the members of the Organization, the Screening Committee shall approve the individual's application, subject to the Screening Committee's right to impose conditions.
14. In the case of a decision denying an application or approving an application with conditions, a copy of the decision shall be provided to the applicant and to the Board of Directors of the Organization, which may disseminate the decision as they see fit in order to best fulfil the mandate of the Organization.
15. A Participant whose screening application has been denied or revoked may not re-apply to participate in the programs or activities of the Organization for two (2) years from the date the rejected application was made.

Screening Requirements

16. A Screening Requirements Matrix is provided as **Appendix A**.

17. It is the policy of the Organization that when an individual is first engaged by the organization:
- a) Level 1 individuals will:
 - i. Complete an Application Form (**Appendix B**)
 - ii. Complete a Screening Disclosure Form (**Appendix C**)
 - iii. Participate in training, orientation, and monitoring as described in the Screening Requirements Matrix (**Appendix A**)

 - b) Level 2 individuals will:
 - i. Complete an Application Form
 - ii. Complete a Screening Disclosure Form
 - iii. Complete and provide an E-PIC
 - iv. Provide one letter of reference related to the position
 - v. Participate in training, orientation, and monitoring as described in the Screening Requirements Matrix (**Appendix A**)
 - vi. Provide a driver's abstract, if requested

 - c) Level 3 individuals will:
 - i. Complete an Application Form
 - ii. Complete a Screening Disclosure Form
 - iii. Complete and provide an E-PIC and a VSC
 - iv. Provide one letter of reference related to the position
 - v. Participate in training, orientation, and monitoring as described in the Screening Requirements Matrix (**Appendix A**)
 - vi. Provide a driver's abstract, if requested

 - d) If an individual subsequently receives a charge, conviction for, or is found guilty of, an offense they will report this circumstance immediately to the Organization. Additionally, the individual will inform the organization of any changes in their circumstance that would alter their original responses in their Screening Disclosure Form.

 - e) If the Organization learns that an individual has provided false, inaccurate, or misleading information, the individual will immediately be removed from their position and may be subject to further discipline in accordance with the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*.

Young People

18. For the purposes of this Policy, the Organization defines a young person as someone who is younger than 18 years old. When screening young people, the Organization will:
- a) Not require the young person to obtain a VSC or E-PIC; and
 - b) In lieu of obtaining a VSC or E-PIC, require the young person to submit up to two (2) additional letters of reference.
19. Notwithstanding the above, the Organization may ask a young person to obtain a VSC or E-PIC if the organization suspects the young person has an adult conviction and therefore has a criminal record. In these circumstances, the organization will be clear in its request that it is not asking for the young person's *youth record*. The Organization understands that they may not request to see a young person's youth record.

Renewal

20. Unless the Screening Committee determines, on a case-by-case basis, to modify the submission requirements, individuals who are required to submit an E-PIC, Screening Disclosure Form, or Screening

Renewal Form, are required to submit the documents as follows:

- a) An E-PIC every three years
- b) A Screening Disclosure Form every three years
- c) A Screening Renewal Form (**Appendix D**) every year
- d) A Vulnerable Sector Check once

21. At any time, including after either the submission of an individual's application or its approval (with or without conditions), the Screening Committee may re-open an individual's file for additional screening if it is advised of new information that, in the discretion of the Organization, could affect the assessment of the individual's suitability for participation in the programs or activities of the Organization, or the individual's interactions with other individuals involved with the Organization.

Orientation, Training, and Monitoring

22. The type and amount of orientation, training, and monitoring will be based on the individual's level of risk, at the discretion of the Organization.
23. Orientation may include, but is not limited to: introductory presentations, facility tours, equipment demonstrations, parent/Athlete meetings, meetings with colleagues and supervisors, orientation manuals, orientation sessions, and increased supervision during initial tasks or initial period of engagement.
24. Training may include, but is not limited to: certification courses, online learning, mentoring, workshop sessions, webinars, on-site demonstrations, and peer feedback.
25. At the conclusion of orientation and training, the individual will be required to acknowledge, in written form, that they have received and completed the orientation and training (**Appendix E**).
26. Monitoring may include but is not limited to: written or oral reports, observations, tracking, electronic surveillance (e.g., facility security cameras), and site visits.

How to Obtain an E-PIC or VSC

27. An E-PIC may be obtained online via <http://www.backcheck.net/e-pic.htm>
28. Participants may only obtain a VSC by visiting an RCMP office or police station, submitting two pieces of government-issued identification (one of which must have a photo), and completing any required paperwork. Fees may also be required.
29. Fingerprinting may be required if there is a positive match with the individual's gender and birth date.
30. The Organization understands that it may be required to assist an individual with obtaining a VSC. A Request for VSC (**Appendix E**) may need to be submitted or other documentation may need to be completed that describes the nature of the organization and the individual's role with Vulnerable Participants.

Procedure

31. Screening documents must be submitted to the Screening Committee.
32. An individual who refuses or fails to provide the necessary screening documents will be ineligible to volunteer or apply for the position sought. The individual will be informed that their application and/or position will not proceed until such time as the screening documents are submitted.

33. The Organization understands that there may be delays in receiving the results of an E-PIC or a VSC. At the discretion of the Organization, an individual may be permitted to participate in the role during the delay. This permission may be withdrawn at any time and for any reason.
34. The Organization recognize that different information will be available depending on the type of screening document that the individual has submitted. For example, an E-PIC may show details of a specific offense, or not, and/or a VSC may be returned with specific information or simply a notification indicating 'cleared' or 'not cleared'. The Screening Committee will use its expertise and discretion when making decisions based on the screening documents that have been submitted.
35. Following the review of the screening documents, the Screening Committee will decide:
 - a) The individual has passed screening and may participate in the desired position;
 - b) The individual has passed screening and may participate in the desired position with conditions;
 - c) The individual has not passed screening and may not participate in the desired position; or
 - d) More information is required from the individual.
36. In making its decision, the Screening Committee will consider the type of offense, date of offense, and relevance of the offense to the position sought.
37. The Screening Committee may decide that an individual has not passed screening if the screening documentation reveals any of the following:
 - a) If imposed in the last three years:
 - i. Any offense involving the use of a motor vehicle, including but not limited to impaired driving
 - ii. Any offense of assault, physical or psychological violence
 - iii. Any offense involving trafficking or possession of illegal drugs
 - iv. Any offense involving conduct against public morals
 - v. Any offense involving theft or fraud
 - b) If imposed at any time:
 - i. Any offense involving a Minor or Minors
 - ii. Any offense involving the possession, distribution, or sale of any child-related pornography
 - iii. Any sexual offense

Conditions and Monitoring

38. Excluding the incidents above which, if revealed, would cause the individual to not pass screening, the Screening Committee may determine that incidents revealed on an individual's screening documents may allow the individual to pass the screening process and participate in a desired position with *conditions* imposed. The Screening Committee shall have the sole and unfettered discretion to apply and remove conditions, determine the length of time for the imposition of conditions, and determine the means by which adherence to conditions may be monitored.

Records

39. All records will be maintained in a confidential manner and will not be disclosed to others except as required by law, for use in legal, quasi-legal, or disciplinary proceedings.
40. The records kept as part of the screening process include but are not limited to:
 - a) An individual's Vulnerable Sector Check
 - b) An individual's E-PIC (for a period of three years)
 - c) An individual's Screening Disclosure Form (for a period of three years)
 - d) An individual's Screening Renewal Form (for a period of one year)

- e) Records of any conditions attached to an individual's registration by the Screening Committee
- f) Records of any discipline applied to any individual by the Organization or by another sport organization

| Policy History | |
|-----------------------|--|
| Approved | |
| Next Review Date | |

Appendix A – Screening Requirements Matrix

| Risk Level | Roles (Note Young People Exception Below) | Training Recommended/Required | Screening |
|------------------------|--|---|--|
| Level 1 Low Risk | a) Parents, youth or volunteers acting in non-regular or informal basis | Recommended: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Respect in Sport for Activity Leaders ● CAC Safe Sport Training | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Complete an Application Form (Appendix B) ● Complete a Screening Disclosure Form (Appendix C) ● Participate in training, orientation, and monitoring as determined by the organization |
| Level 2 Medium Risk | a) Athlete support personnel b) Non-coach employees or managers c) Directors d) Coaches who are typically under supervision of another coach. e) Officials | Recommended based on role: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Respect in Sport for Activity Leaders ● Commit to Kids Required: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Respect in Sport Activity Leaders (National Officials) ● MED Certified (Coaches) ● CAC Safe Sport Training | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Level 1 Requirements ● Complete and provide an E-PIC ● Provide one letter of reference related to the position ● Provide a driver's abstract, if requested |
| Level 3 High Risk | a) Full Time Coaches b) Coaches who travel with Athletes c) Coaches who could be alone with Athletes | Recommended based on role: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Respect in Sport for Activity Leaders ● Commit to Kids Required: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● MED Certified ● CAC Safe Sport Training | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Level 2 Requirements ● Provide a VSC ● A second letter of reference from a sport organization |

Young People

For the purposes of this Policy, the Organization defines a young person as someone who is younger than 18 years old. When screening young people, the Organization will:

- a) Not require the young person to obtain a VSC or E-PIC; and
- b) In lieu of obtaining a VSC or E-PIC, require the young person to submit up to two (2) additional letters of reference.

Appendix B – Application Form

Note: Participants who are applying to volunteer or work within certain positions with the Organization must complete this Application Form. Participants need to complete an Application Form once for the position sought. If the individual is applying for a new position within the Organization, a new Application Form must be submitted.

NAME: _____
First Middle Last

CURRENT PERMANENT ADDRESS:

Street City Province Postal

DATE OF BIRTH: _____ **GENDER IDENTITY:** _____
Month/Day/Year

EMAIL: _____ **PHONE:** _____

POSITION SOUGHT: _____

By signing this document below, I agree to adhere to the policies and procedures of the Organization, including but not limited to the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*, *Conflict of Interest Policy*, *Privacy Policy*, and *Screening Policy*. Policies are located at the following link:
<https://docs.google.com/document/d/1HL-T6OHH3CuJ3bowkF8vQAYl0Girge1s/edit?usp=sharing&oid=110905403797847166095&rtpof=true&sd=true>

I recognize that I must pass certain screening requirements depending on the position sought, as outlined in the *Screening Policy*, and that the Screening Committee will determine my eligibility to volunteer or work in the position.

NAME (print): _____ **DATE:** _____

SIGNATURE: _____

Appendix C – Screening Disclosure Form

NAME: _____
First Middle Last

OTHER NAMES YOU HAVE USED: _____

CURRENT PERMANENT ADDRESS:

Street City Province Postal

DATE OF BIRTH: _____ **GENDER IDENTITY:** _____
Month/Day/Year

CLUB (if applicable): _____ **EMAIL:** _____

Note: Failure to disclose truthful information below may be considered an intentional omission and the loss of volunteer responsibilities or other privileges

1. Have you been convicted of a crime? If so, please complete the following information for each conviction. Attach additional pages as necessary.

Name or Type of Offense: _____

Name and Jurisdiction of Court/Tribunal: _____

Year Convicted: _____

Penalty or Punishment Imposed: _____

Further Explanation: _____

2. Have you ever been disciplined or sanctioned by a sport governing body or by an independent body (e.g., private tribunal, government agency, etc.) or dismissed from a coaching or volunteer position? If so, please complete the following information for each disciplinary action or sanction. Attach additional pages as necessary.

Name of disciplining or sanctioning body: _____

Date of discipline, sanction or dismissal: _____

Reasons for discipline, sanction or dismissal: _____

Penalty or Punishment Imposed: _____

Further Explanation: _____

3. Are criminal charges or any other sanctions, including those from a sport body, private tribunal or

government agency, currently pending or threatened against you? If so, please complete the following information for each pending charge or sanction. Attach additional pages as necessary.

Name or Type of Offense: _____

Name and Jurisdiction of Court/Tribunal: _____

Name of disciplining or sanctioning body: _____

Further Explanation: _____

PRIVACY STATEMENT

By completing and submitting this Screening Disclosure Form, I consent and authorize the Organization to collect, use and disclose my personal information, including all information provided on the Screening Disclosure Form as well as my Enhanced Police Information Check and/or Vulnerable Sector Check (when permitted by law) for the purposes of screening, implementation of the *Screening Policy*, administering membership services, and communicating with National Sport Organizations, Provincial/Territorial Sport Organizations, Clubs, and other organizations involved in the governance of sport. The Organization does not distribute personal information for commercial purposes.

CERTIFICATION

I hereby certify that the information contained in this Screening Disclosure Form is accurate, correct, truthful and complete.

I further certify that I will immediately inform the Organization of any changes in circumstances that would alter my original responses to this Screening Disclosure Form. Failure to do so may result in the withdrawal of volunteer responsibilities or other privileges and/or disciplinary action.

NAME (print): _____

DATE: _____

SIGNATURE: _____

Appendix D – Screening Renewal Form

NAME: _____
First Middle Last

CURRENT PERMANENT ADDRESS:

Street City Province Postal

DATE OF BIRTH: _____ **GENDER IDENTITY:** _____
Month/Day/Year

EMAIL: _____ **PHONE:** _____

By signing this document below, I certify that there have been no changes to my criminal record since I last submitted an Enhanced Police Information Check and/or Vulnerable Sector Check and/or Screening Disclosure Form and/or Driver's Abstract ("Personal Document") to the Organization. I further certify that there are no outstanding charges and warrants, judicial orders, peace bonds, probation or prohibition orders, or applicable non-conviction information, and there have been no absolute and conditional discharges.

I agree that any Personal Document that I would obtain or submit on the date indicated below would be no different than the last Personal Document that I submitted to the Organization. I understand that if there have been any changes, or if I suspect that there have been any changes, it is my responsibility to obtain and submit a new Personal Document to the Organization's Screening Committee instead of this form.

I recognize that if there have been changes to the results available from any Personal Document and if I submit this form improperly, then I am subject to disciplinary action and/or the removal of volunteer responsibilities or other privileges at the discretion of the Screening Committee.

NAME (print): _____ **DATE:** _____

SIGNATURE: _____

Appendix E – Volunteer Orientation and Training Acknowledgement Form

1. I have the following role(s) with Judo NB (circle as many as apply):

Parent / Guardian

Coach

Director / Volunteer

Athlete

Official

Committee Member

2. As an individual affiliated with Judo NB, I acknowledge I have received completed the following orientation and training:

Name of Training or Orientation: _____

Instructor: _____ Date Completed: _____

Name of Training or Orientation: _____

Instructor: _____ Date Completed: _____

Name of Training or Orientation: _____

Instructor: _____ Date Completed: _____

Name

Signature

Date

Appendix F – Request For Vulnerable Sector Check

Note: The Organization must modify this letter to adhere to any requirements from the VSC provider

INTRODUCTION

[insert Organization] is requesting a Vulnerable Sector Check for _____ [insert individual's full name] who identifies as a _____ [insert gender identity] and who was born on _____ [insert birthdate].

DESCRIPTION OF ORGANIZATION

Judo NB is a not-for-profit Canada, New Brunswick, Fredericton organization for the sport of Judo located in New Brunswick.

[Insert additional description]

DESCRIPTION OF ROLE

_____ [insert individual's name] will be acting as a _____ [insert individual's role]. In this role, the individual will have access to vulnerable individuals.

[Insert additional information re: type and number of vulnerable individuals, frequency of access, etc.]

CONTACT INFORMATION

If more information is required from Judo NB, please contact the Screening Committee Chair:

[Insert information for Screening Committee Chair]

Signed: _____ Date: _____

WHISTLEBLOWER POLICY

Purpose

1. The Organization is committed to fostering an environment conducive to open communication regarding the business practices of the Organization and to protecting Workers from unlawful retaliation and discrimination for their having properly disclosed or Reported illegal or unethical conduct.
2. To further this commitment, this Policy:
 - a) Establishes guidance for the receipt, retention and treatment of verbal or written Reports received by the Organization from a Worker regarding actions that (i) are illegal, unethical or contrary to the Organization's policies in respect of accounting, internal controls, disclosure, or business practices or (ii) constitute discrimination, harassment, violence or abuse against a Worker by a Director or another Worker;
 - b) Provides Workers who make a Report with a means to make Reports in a confidential and anonymous manner; and
 - c) Demonstrates the organization's intention to discipline any person who commits an act of retaliation or reprisal against a Worker up to and including termination of employment for just cause, in the case of employees.

Application

3. This Policy only applies to Workers who observe or experience incidents of wrongdoing committed by Directors or by other Workers.
4. Incidents of wrongdoing or misconduct observed or experienced by participants, volunteers, spectators, parents of participants, or other individuals not employed or contracted by the Organization can be Reported under the terms of the *Discipline and Complaints Policy* and/or reported to the organization's Board of Directors or senior staff person to be handled under the terms of the individual Worker's Employment Agreement or Contractor Agreement, as applicable, and/or the Organization's policies for human resources.
5. Matters reported under the terms of this Policy may be referred to be heard under the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*, at the discretion of the Compliance Officer.

Wrongdoing

6. Wrongdoing can be defined as:
 - a) Violating the law;
 - b) Intentionally or seriously breaching of the *Code of Conduct and Ethics*;
 - c) Committing or ignoring risks to the life, health, or safety of a Participant, volunteer, Worker, or other individual;
 - d) Directing an individual or Worker to commit a crime, serious breach of a policy, or other wrongful act; or
 - e) Fraud.

Pledge

7. The Organization pledges not to dismiss, penalize, discipline, or retaliate or discriminate against any Worker who discloses information or submits, in good faith, a report against another Worker or Director under the terms of this Policy.
8. Any individual affiliated with the Organization who breaks this **Pledge** will be subject to disciplinary action.

Reporting Wrongdoing

9. A Worker who believes that a Director or another Worker has committed an incident of wrongdoing should prepare a Report that includes the following:
 - a) Written description of the act or actions that comprise the alleged wrongdoing, including the date and time of the action(s);
 - b) Identities and roles of other individuals or Workers (if any) who may be aware of, affected by, or complicit in, the wrongdoing;
 - c) Why the act or action should be considered to be wrongdoing; and
 - d) How the wrongdoing affects the Worker submitting the report (if applicable).

Authority

10. The following Compliance Officer has been appointed to receive reports made under this Policy:

[insert contact information for Compliance Officer – should not be the Chairperson or senior staff person]

11. After receiving the report, the Compliance Officer has the responsibility to:
 - a) Assure the Worker of the **Pledge**
 - b) Connect the Worker to the Alternate Liaison if the individual feels that they cannot act in an unbiased or discrete manner due to the individual's role with the Organization and/or the content of the report
 - c) Determine if the report is frivolous, vexatious, or not submitted in good faith (e.g., the submission of the report is motivated by personal interests and/or the content of the report is obviously false or malicious) and, if so, inform the Worker that no action will be taken on the report and the reasons why the report has been considered frivolous, vexatious, or not in good faith
 - d) Determine if the *Whistleblower Policy* applies or if the matter should be handled under the *Discipline and Complaints Policy*
 - e) Determine if the local police service be contacted
 - f) Determine if mediation or alternative dispute resolution can be used to resolve the issue
 - g) Determine if the Organization's Chairperson and/or senior staff person should or can be notified of the report
 - h) Begin an investigation

Alternate Liaison

12. If the Worker feels that the Compliance Officer is unable to act in an unbiased or discrete manner due to the individual's role with the Organization and/or the content of the report, the Worker should contact the following individual who will act as an independent liaison between the Worker and the Compliance Officer:

[insert contact information for external person – could be someone affiliated with Judo Canada]

13. The Alternate Liaison will not disclose the Worker's identity to the Compliance Officer or to anyone affiliated with the Organization without the Worker's consent.

14. A Worker who is unsure if they should submit a report, or who does not want to have their identity known, may contact the Alternate Liaison for informal advice about the process.

Investigation

15. If the Compliance Officer determines that an investigation should be launched, the Compliance Officer may decide to contract an external investigator. In such cases, the Organization's Chairperson and/or senior staff person may be notified that an investigation conducted by an external investigator is necessary without the nature of the investigation, content of the report, or identity of the Worker who submitted the Report being disclosed. The Organization's Chairperson and/or senior staff person may not unreasonably refuse the decision to contract an external investigator.
16. An investigation launched by the Compliance Officer or by an external investigator should generally take the following form:
 - a) Follow-up interview with the Worker who submitted the report
 - b) Identification of Workers, participants, volunteers or other individuals that may have been affected by the wrongdoing
 - c) Interviews with such-affected individuals
 - d) Interview with the Director(s) or Worker(s) against whom the Report was submitted
 - e) Interview with the supervisor(s) of the Worker(s) against whom the report was submitted, if applicable
17. The investigator will prepare an Investigator's Report – omitting names whenever possible and striving to ensure confidentiality – that will be submitted to the Organization's Chairperson and/or senior staff person for review and action.

Decision

18. Within fourteen (14) days after receiving the Investigator's Report, the Organization's Chairperson and/or senior staff person will take corrective action, as required. Corrective action may include, but is not limited to including:
 - a) Enacting and/or enforcing policies and procedures aimed at eliminating the wrongdoing or further opportunities for wrongdoing;
 - b) Revision of job descriptions; or
 - c) Discipline, suspension, termination, or other action as permitted by the By-laws, provincial/territorial employment legislation, applicable policies for human resources, and/or the Worker's Employment Agreement or Contractor Agreement.
19. The corrective action, if any, will be communicated to the investigator who will then inform the Worker who submitted the report.
20. Decisions made under the terms of this Policy may be appealed under the terms of the *Appeal Policy* provided that:
 - a) If the Worker who submitted the initial report is appealing the decision, the Worker understands that their identity must be revealed if they submits an appeal, and
 - b) If the Director or Worker against whom the initial report was submitted is appealing the decision, the Worker or Director understands that the identity of the Worker who submitted the report will not be revealed and that the Organization will act as the Respondent

Confidentiality

21. Confidentiality at all stages of the procedures outlined in this Policy – from the initial report to the final decision – is the goal for all individuals (the Worker, the Worker(s), or Director(s) against whom the report is submitted, and the individuals interviewed during the investigation). An individual who intentionally breaches the confidentiality clause of this Policy will be subject to disciplinary action.

22. In all stages of the investigation, the investigator will take every precaution to protect the identity of the Worker who submitted the report and/or the specific nature of the report itself. However, the Organization recognizes that there are some instances where the nature of the report and/or the identity of the Worker who submitted the report will or may be inadvertently deduced by individuals participating in the investigation.

RECIPROCATION POLICY

Purpose

1. The purpose of this Policy is to ensure national enforcement and recognition of all disciplinary sanctions applied by Judo Canada, the Organization, and Clubs.
2. The Organization recognizes the importance of safe sport for all participants in the sport of judo throughout the country. The Organization also recognizes its obligation to engage an independent third party to handle and/or investigate all matters involving Harassment, Discrimination, Abuse, Workplace Harassment, Workplace Violence, Maltreatment, and Sexual Harassment.

Application

3. This Policy applies to all Clubs.

Responsibilities

4. The Organization will:
 - a) Provide copies of discipline and appeal decisions to Judo Canada and to the Club(s) affected or impacted by the decision
 - b) For discipline decisions provided to the Organization by Judo Canada or by a Club, determine per the *Discipline and Complaints Policy* whether to initiate further action against the individual(s) named in the decision
 - c) Recognize and enforce the disciplinary sanctions imposed by Judo Canada and/or a Club
5. Clubs will:
 - a) Provide copies of discipline and appeal decisions involving Participants to the Organization
 - b) For discipline decisions provided to a Club by the Organization, determine per its own policies whether to initiate further action against the Participant(s) named in the decision
 - c) Recognize and enforce the disciplinary sanctions imposed by the Organization and/or Judo Canada
 - d) Update their governing documents to reference the reciprocity procedures described herein